

January 2018

Fiscal Research Center

Georgia's Rankings Among the States:

*Budget, Taxes and
Other Indicators*

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This guide mirrors the format and content of the annual report, "Virginia Compared to the Other States," produced by Virginia's Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission. We would especially like to thank Joe McMahon, Senior Legislative Analyst, and Kathy DuVall, Publications Analyst, for their assistance during the production of the inaugural 2015 guide. Additionally, appreciation goes to Elton Davis for creating the first edition of this guide.

Introduction

Enclosed is a collection of quantitative metrics and state rankings that compare Georgia to states across the nation. While several of the comparisons focus on total state or local government revenue and expenditures, the report also includes a number of measures that provide comparisons of either expenditures or state characteristics within specific functional areas, such as education, health, and transportation. The state rankings for each topic are generally (with a few exceptions) determined by the reported total dollar value or percentage, with the highest state value or percentage ranked number one. This 2018 edition is an annual publication from the Fiscal Research Center. We hope it will serve as a convenient reference guide for policymakers, the media and the public.

Sources

The 37 metrics contained within the report are based upon data from a variety of sources. Each metric within the report contains a listing of the sources used to produce the reported information. Although each source is updated periodically in accordance with its own unique schedule, we have made an attempt to use the latest information available for each measure. A partial list of the data sources includes:

- ▶ U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates
- ▶ U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances
- ▶ U.S. Census Bureau, Poverty: American Community Survey Briefs
- ▶ Bureau of Economic Analysis
- ▶ College Board, Trends in College Pricing
- ▶ National Association of State Budget Officers State Expenditure Report
- ▶ State Higher Education Executive Officers Association
- ▶ Bureau of Labor Statistics
- ▶ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Georgia Trends, 2018 Edition

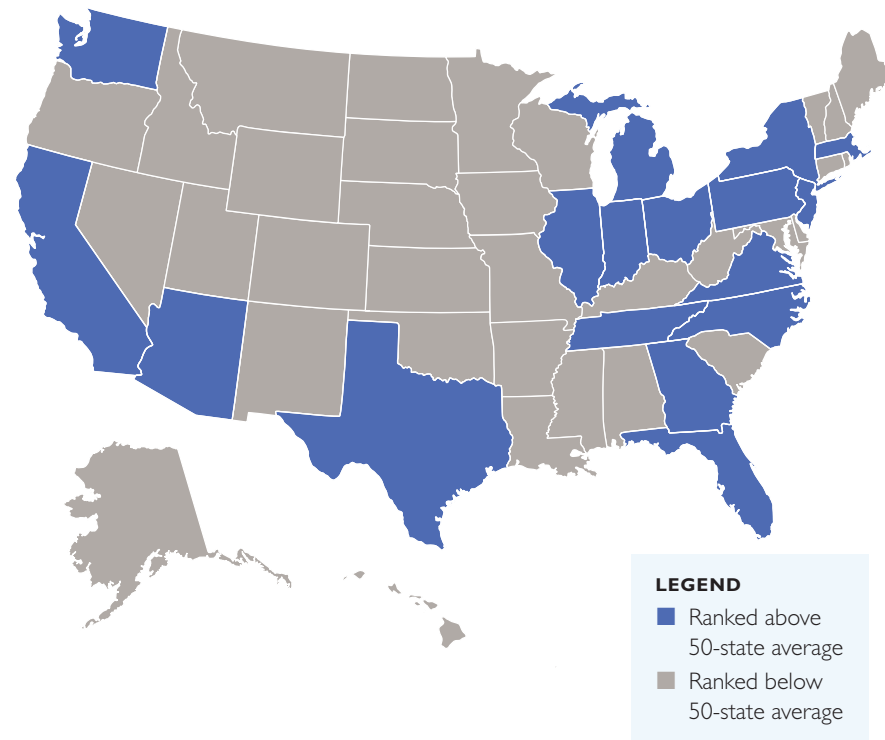
	MEASURE	RANK	TREND	
1	Population, 2016	10,310,371	8	—
2	Percent Change in Population (2006-16)	12.6%	12	▲
3	Per Capita Personal Income, 2016	\$41,835	40	—
4	Annual Unemployment Rate, 2016	5.4%	39	▼
5	Percentage of Population Living in Poverty, 2016	16.0%	10	▼
6	Per Capita State & Local General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015	\$5,140	48	▼
7	State & Local General Revenue from Own Sources as a Percentage of Personal Income, FY 2015	12.8%	44	▲
8	Per Capita State General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015	\$2,512	50	—
9	Per Capita Local General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015	\$2,628	27	▼
10	Percentage of Total State & Local Tax Revenue from Individual Income Tax, FY 2015	27.0%	14	▲
11	Per Capita State & Local Taxes, FY 2015	\$3,515	43	▲
12	State & Local Taxes as a Percentage of Personal Income, FY 2015	8.4%	41	▲
13	Per Capita Local Taxes, FY 2015	\$1,584	29	▼
14	Per Capita State Taxes, FY 2015	\$1,931	46	▲
15	Per Capita Federal Revenue, FY 2015	\$1,439	48	▼
16	Per Capita State Expenditures, FY 2016	\$4,610	41	▲
17	Real Percent Change in Per Capita State Expenditures, FY 2006-16	7.5%	35	▲
18	Per Capita General Fund Expenditures, FY 2016	\$2,059	31	▲
19	Per Capita State & Local Debt Outstanding, FY 2015	\$5,497	44	▼
20	State Credit Ratings, 2016	AAA	1	—

	MEASURE	RANK	TREND	
21	Per Capita Medicaid Expenditures, FY 2016	\$963	49	—
22	Percentage of Total State Expenditures on Public Assistance, FY 2015	40.0%	29	—
23	Percentage of Population Under Age 65 With Health Insurance, 2016	85.2%	46	—
24	Infant Mortality Rate, 2015	7.8	4	▲
25	State & Local Per-Pupil School Funding, Pre-K to 12, 2014-15	\$9,750	38	—
26	State Per-Pupil School Funding, Pre-K to 12, 2014-15	\$4,838	41	▼
27	Average Salary of Public School Teachers, 2015-16	\$54,190	22	▲
28	Percentage of Population 25 Years & Older With at Least a High School Education, 2016	86.4%	39	—
29	Average Annual In-State Tuition & Fees at Public Four-Year Institutions, 2017-18	\$8,573	33	▼
30	Real Percent Change in In-State Tuition & Fees at Public Four-Year Institutions, 2012-13 to 2017-18	6.4%	34	▼
31	Per Capita State Support for Public & Private Higher Education, FY 2016	\$298	15	▲
32	FTE Student Enrollment in Public Higher Education, FY 2016	344,768	9	▲
33	Higher Education Appropriations Per FTE Student, FY 2016	\$7,319	9	▲
34	State Motor Fuel Taxes, 2017	\$0.3109	21	▼
35	Per Capita State & Local Road Expenditures, FY 2015	\$321	49	▼
36	Per Capita State Corrections Expenditures, FY 2015	\$142	27	—
37	State Government Workers Per 100 Persons, 2015	1.2	41	▼

Population, 2016

RANK	STATE	
1	California	39,250,017
2	Texas	27,862,596
3	Florida	20,612,439
4	New York	19,745,289
5	Illinois	12,801,539
6	Pennsylvania	12,784,227
7	Ohio	11,614,373
8	Georgia	10,310,371
9	North Carolina	10,146,788
10	Michigan	9,928,300
11	New Jersey	8,944,469
12	Virginia	8,411,808
13	Washington	7,288,000
14	Arizona	6,931,071
15	Massachusetts	6,811,779
16	Tennessee	6,651,194
17	Indiana	6,633,053
►	50-State Average	6,448,927
18	Missouri	6,093,000
19	Maryland	6,016,447
20	Wisconsin	5,778,708
21	Colorado	5,540,545
22	Minnesota	5,519,952
23	South Carolina	4,961,119
24	Alabama	4,863,300

RANK	STATE	
25	Louisiana	4,681,666
26	Kentucky	4,436,974
27	Oregon	4,093,465
28	Oklahoma	3,923,561
29	Connecticut	3,576,452
30	Iowa	3,134,693
31	Utah	3,051,217
32	Mississippi	2,988,726
33	Arkansas	2,988,248
34	Nevada	2,940,058
35	Kansas	2,907,289
36	New Mexico	2,081,015
37	Nebraska	1,907,116
38	West Virginia	1,831,102
39	Idaho	1,683,140
40	Hawaii	1,428,557
41	New Hampshire	1,334,795
42	Maine	1,331,479
43	Rhode Island	1,056,426
44	Montana	1,042,520
45	Delaware	952,065
46	South Dakota	865,454
47	North Dakota	757,952
48	Alaska	741,894
49	Vermont	624,594



50 Wyoming 585,501

Quick Stats

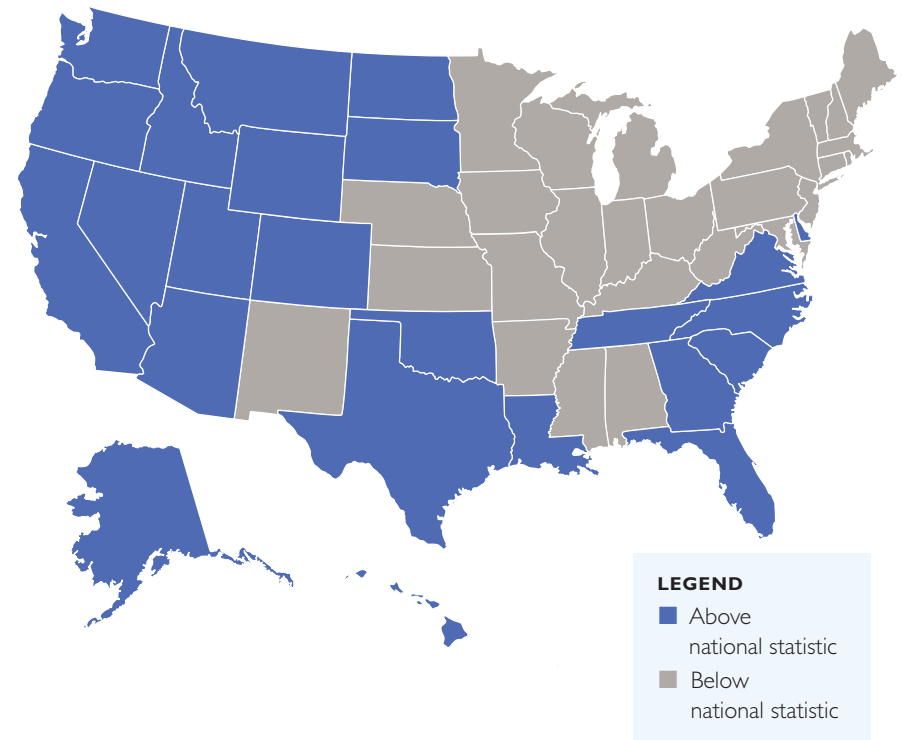
- Georgia's population increased by 1.09 percent from 2015 to 2016, down slightly from 1.11 percent the year before.
- The U.S. population was an estimated 323,127,513 in 2016, up 0.70 percent from 2015.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau Annual Population Estimates (May 2017)

2. Percentage Change in Population (2006-16)

RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Utah	20.8
2	Texas	19.3
3	Colorado	17.4
4	North Dakota	16.7
5	Nevada	16.5
6	Arizona	15.0
7	Idaho	14.6
8	Washington	14.4
9	South Carolina	13.8
10	North Carolina	13.8
11	Florida	13.5
12	Georgia	12.6
13	Wyoming	12.0
14	Oregon	11.5
15	Delaware	10.8
16	South Dakota	10.5
17	Alaska	9.9
18	Virginia	9.6
19	Montana	9.4
20	Tennessee	9.2
21	Oklahoma	9.2
22	Hawaii	9.1
23	California	9.0
24	Louisiana	8.8
►	United States	8.3

RANK	STATE	IN %
25	Nebraska	7.6
26	Maryland	6.9
27	Minnesota	6.9
28	Massachusetts	6.3
29	New Mexico	6.1
30	Arkansas	5.9
31	Kansas	5.2
32	Kentucky	5.2
33	Iowa	5.1
34	Alabama	5.1
35	Indiana	4.7
36	Missouri	4.3
37	Wisconsin	3.6
38	New York	3.4
39	New Jersey	3.3
40	Mississippi	2.9
41	Pennsylvania	2.2
42	New Hampshire	2.0
43	Connecticut	1.7
44	Illinois	1.2
45	Ohio	1.2
46	Maine	0.6
47	Vermont	0.3
48	West Virginia	0.2
49	Rhode Island	-0.6
50	Michigan	-1.1



Quick Stats

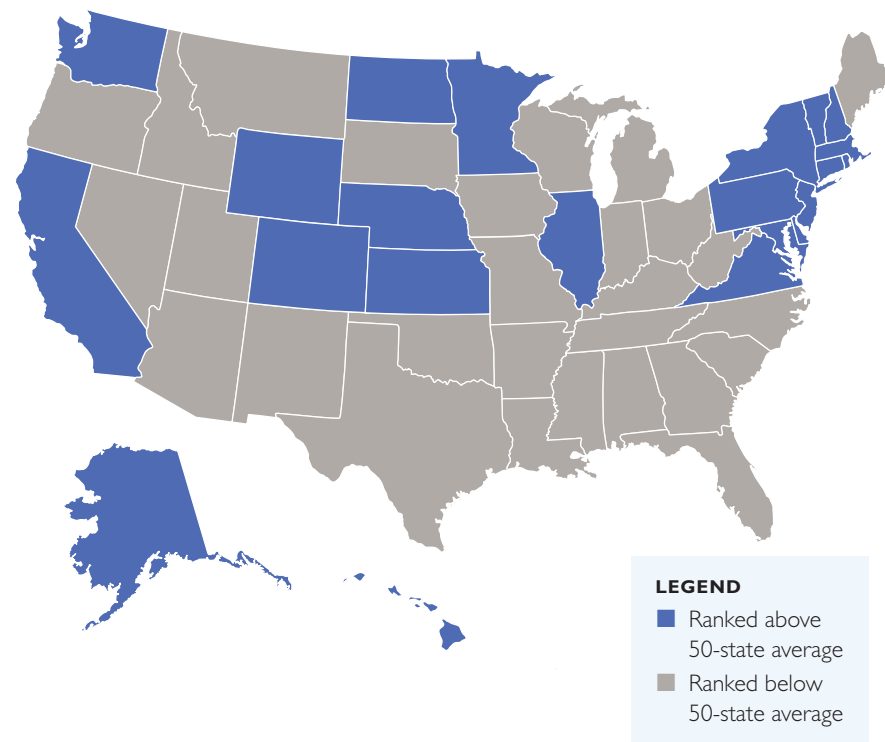
- Georgia's population increased by 12.6 percent from 2006 to 2016, which is the 4th highest growth rate in the U.S. Southeast.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

3. Per Capita Personal Income, 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Connecticut	71,033
2	Massachusetts	65,137
3	New Jersey	61,968
4	New York	60,534
5	New Hampshire	58,322
6	Maryland	57,936
7	California	55,987
8	Alaska	55,307
9	Wyoming	55,212
10	North Dakota	55,038
11	Virginia	53,723
12	Washington	53,493
13	Minnesota	52,117
14	Illinois	52,098
15	Colorado	52,059
16	Rhode Island	51,576
17	Pennsylvania	51,275
18	Hawaii	50,551
19	Vermont	50,321
20	Nebraska	49,636
21	Delaware	48,697
22	Kansas	48,537
►	50-State Average	48,082
23	South Dakota	48,049
24	Texas	47,636

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Wisconsin	47,275
26	Iowa	46,794
27	Florida	45,819
28	Oklahoma	45,682
29	Oregon	45,049
30	Ohio	44,876
31	Michigan	44,347
32	Maine	44,316
33	Missouri	43,723
34	Nevada	43,637
35	Indiana	43,492
36	Louisiana	43,487
37	Tennessee	43,380
38	Montana	42,386
39	North Carolina	42,002
40	Georgia	41,835
41	Utah	40,744
42	Arizona	40,243
43	Kentucky	39,499
44	South Carolina	39,465
45	Arkansas	39,345
46	Alabama	39,231
47	Idaho	39,107
48	New Mexico	38,807
49	West Virginia	37,386
50	Mississippi	35,936



Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita personal income increased by 3.8 percent from 2015 to 2016, the fastest growth among the Southeastern U.S. states and sixth fastest overall.
- The 50-state average per capita personal income increased by \$1,225 (2.6 percent) from 2015 to 2016.

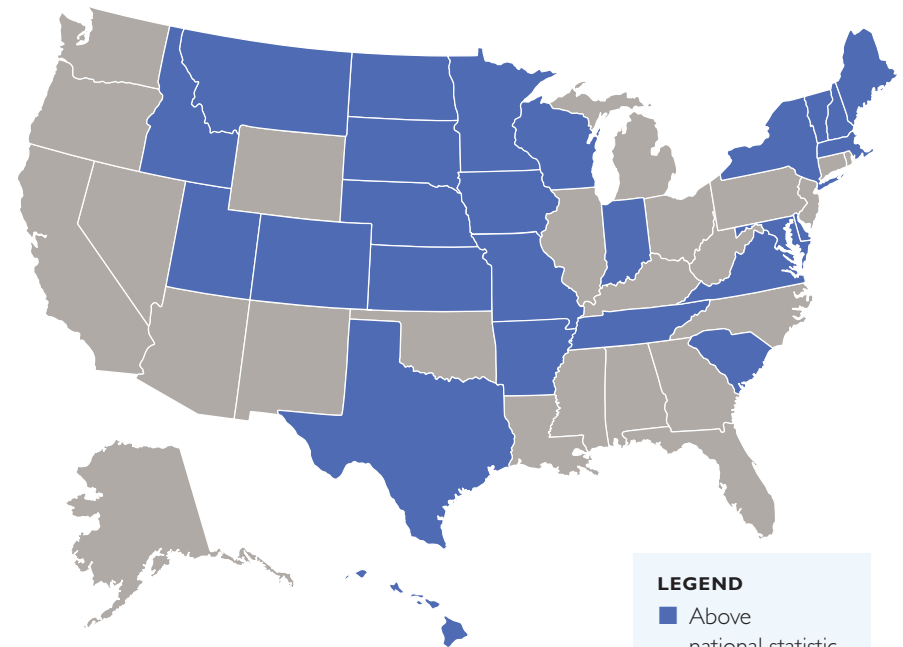
Note: Personal income is the income from net earnings (wages, salaries, and other labor income); property (personal dividend, interest, and rental income); and transfer payments such as Social Security and unemployment benefits. Personal income is measured before personal taxes are deducted.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

4. Annual Unemployment Rate, 2016

RANK	STATE	RATE
1	New Hampshire	2.8
1	South Dakota	2.8
3	Hawaii	3.0
4	Nebraska	3.2
4	North Dakota	3.2
6	Colorado	3.3
6	Vermont	3.3
8	Utah	3.4
9	Iowa	3.7
9	Massachusetts	3.7
11	Idaho	3.8
12	Maine	3.9
12	Minnesota	3.9
14	Arkansas	4.0
14	Virginia	4.0
16	Montana	4.1
16	Wisconsin	4.1
18	Kansas	4.2
19	Maryland	4.3
20	Delaware	4.4
20	Indiana	4.4
22	Missouri	4.5
23	Texas	4.6
24	New York	4.8
24	South Carolina	4.8
24	Tennessee	4.8

RANK	STATE	RATE
►	United States	4.9
27	Florida	4.9
27	Michigan	4.9
27	Ohio	4.9
27	Oklahoma	4.9
27	Oregon	4.9
32	Kentucky	5.0
32	New Jersey	5.0
34	Connecticut	5.1
34	North Carolina	5.1
36	Arizona	5.3
36	Rhode Island	5.3
36	Wyoming	5.3
39	California	5.4
39	Georgia	5.4
39	Pennsylvania	5.4
39	Washington	5.4
43	Nevada	5.7
44	Mississippi	5.8
45	Illinois	5.9
46	Alabama	6.0
46	West Virginia	6.0
48	Louisiana	6.1
49	Alaska	6.6
50	New Mexico	6.7



LEGEND

- Above national statistic
- Below national statistic

Quick Stats

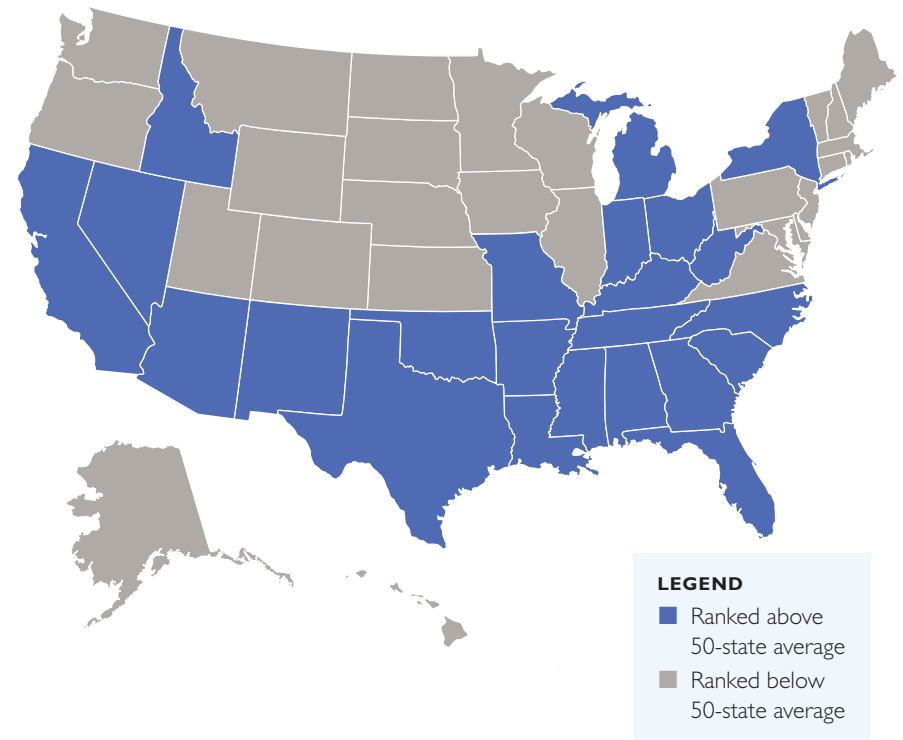
- Georgia's annual unemployment rate decreased by 0.5 percentage points from 2015, but was 0.24 percentage points higher than the Southeastern states' average.
- The U.S. annual unemployment rate was 4.9 percent in 2016, a 0.4 percentage point decrease from 2015.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

5. Percentage of Population Living in Poverty, 2016

RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Mississippi	20.8
2	Louisiana	20.2
3	New Mexico	19.8
4	Kentucky	18.5
5	West Virginia	17.9
6	Arkansas	17.2
7	Alabama	17.1
8	Arizona	16.4
9	Oklahoma	16.3
10	Georgia	16.0
11	Tennessee	15.8
12	Texas	15.6
13	North Carolina	15.4
14	South Carolina	15.3
15	Michigan	15.0
16	Florida	14.7
17	New York	14.7
18	Ohio	14.6
19	Idaho	14.4
20	California	14.3
21	Indiana	14.1
22	Missouri	14.0
23	Nevada	13.8
►	50-State Average	13.5
24	Oregon	13.3

RANK	STATE	IN %
25	Montana	13.3
26	South Dakota	13.3
27	Illinois	13.0
28	Pennsylvania	12.9
29	Rhode Island	12.8
30	Maine	12.5
31	Kansas	12.1
32	Vermont	11.9
33	Iowa	11.8
34	Wisconsin	11.8
35	Delaware	11.7
36	Nebraska	11.4
37	Washington	11.3
38	Wyoming	11.3
39	Colorado	11.0
40	Virginia	11.0
41	North Dakota	10.7
42	Massachusetts	10.4
43	New Jersey	10.4
44	Utah	10.2
45	Alaska	9.9
46	Minnesota	9.9
47	Connecticut	9.8
48	Maryland	9.7
49	Hawaii	9.3
50	New Hampshire	7.3



Quick Stats

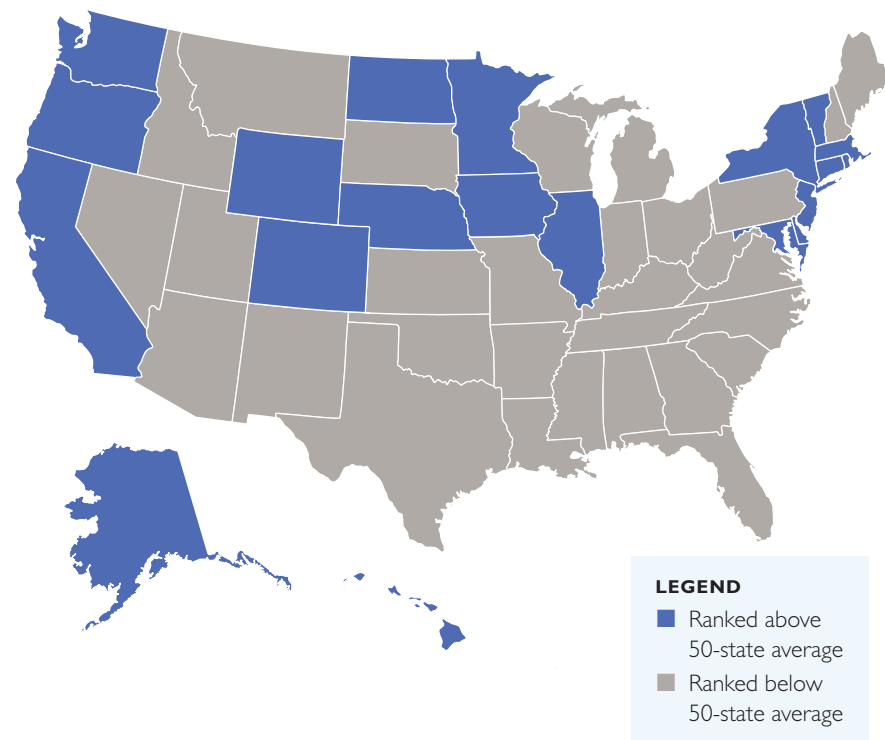
- The 16.0 percent of Georgians living in poverty in 2016 represents a decrease of 1 percentage point from 2015.
- The poverty rate in Georgia was above that of the nation (14.0) but below the Southeastern U.S. average (16.7).

Notes: The poverty threshold, as designated by the Census Bureau, was \$24,339 for a family of four, including two children, in 2016. This threshold is updated annually for changes in the cost of living.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Poverty: 2015 and 2016 (Sept. 2017); and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

6. Per Capita State & Local General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	North Dakota	12,154	25	Wisconsin	6,666
2	Wyoming	11,704	26	Maine	6,511
3	New York	11,514	27	Ohio	6,492
4	Alaska	10,028	28	New Hampshire	6,404
5	Connecticut	8,853	29	West Virginia	6,309
6	New Jersey	8,620	30	South Carolina	6,287
7	Hawaii	8,457	31	Michigan	6,239
8	Massachusetts	8,350	32	Indiana	6,012
9	California	8,320	33	Texas	5,982
10	Minnesota	8,145	34	North Carolina	5,945
11	Vermont	7,707	35	Utah	5,928
12	Maryland	7,675	36	Mississippi	5,867
13	Delaware	7,604	37	Montana	5,831
14	Rhode Island	7,551	38	Oklahoma	5,814
15	Iowa	7,532	39	Louisiana	5,804
16	Colorado	7,473	40	South Dakota	5,704
17	Illinois	7,361	41	Nevada	5,665
18	Nebraska	7,292	42	Florida	5,626
19	Washington	7,274	43	Alabama	5,585
20	Oregon	7,053	44	Arkansas	5,498
►	50-State Average	6,990	45	Missouri	5,460
21	Kansas	6,960	46	Kentucky	5,449
22	Pennsylvania	6,947	47	Idaho	5,166
23	New Mexico	6,885	48	Georgia	5,140
24	Virginia	6,831	49	Tennessee	4,968
			50	Arizona	4,871



Quick Stats

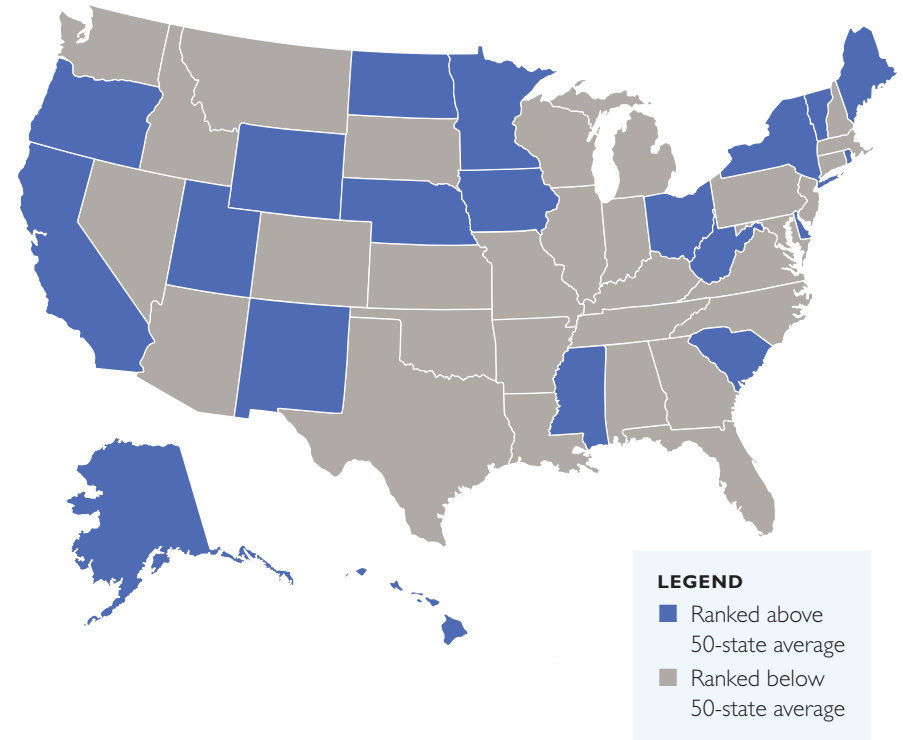
- Georgia's per capita state and local general revenue from own sources increased by \$151 (3.0 percent) from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- The U.S. 50-state average per capita state and local government general revenue from own sources increased by \$149 (2.2 percent) from FY 2014 to FY 2015.

Note: The table uses own-source general revenue data; this includes taxes, charges, and miscellaneous general revenue, but excludes utility revenue, liquor store revenue, insurance trust revenue and intergovernmental revenue.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

7. State & Local General Revenue from Own Sources as a Percentage of Personal Income, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN %	RANK	STATE	IN %
1	North Dakota	21.7	25	North Carolina	14.6
2	Wyoming	20.9	26	Michigan	14.6
3	New York	19.6	27	Wisconsin	14.5
4	New Mexico	18.2	28	New Jersey	14.4
5	Alaska	17.9	29	Arkansas	14.4
6	Hawaii	17.5	30	Indiana	14.3
7	West Virginia	17.2	31	Kentucky	14.1
8	Mississippi	16.9	32	Washington	14.0
9	South Carolina	16.4	33	Pennsylvania	14.0
10	Iowa	16.4	34	Montana	14.0
11	Oregon	16.1	35	Maryland	13.7
12	Minnesota	16.0	36	Nevada	13.5
13	Delaware	16.0	37	Louisiana	13.5
14	Vermont	15.9	38	Idaho	13.5
15	California	15.5	39	Massachusetts	13.3
16	Maine	15.2	40	Virginia	13.1
17	Rhode Island	15.1	41	Missouri	12.9
18	Utah	15.1	42	Connecticut	12.9
19	Nebraska	15.0	43	Oklahoma	12.8
20	Ohio	14.9	44	Georgia	12.8
►	50-State Average	14.9	45	Texas	12.7
21	Kansas	14.8	46	Florida	12.7
22	Alabama	14.7	47	Arizona	12.4
23	Colorado	14.7	48	South Dakota	11.9
24	Illinois	14.6	49	Tennessee	11.8
			50	New Hampshire	11.5



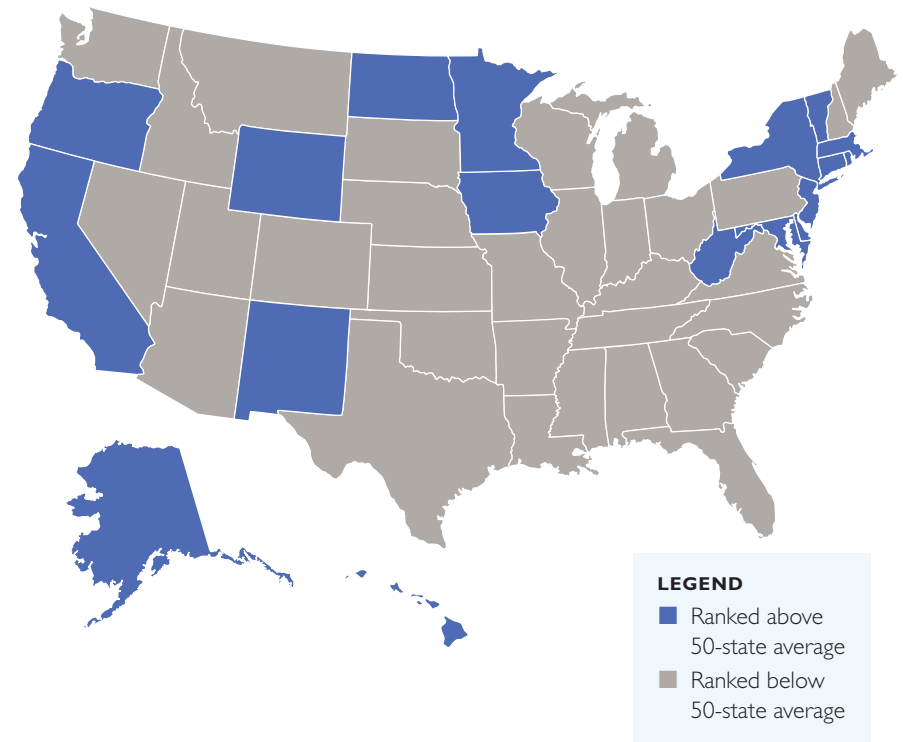
Quick Stats

- In FY 2015, Georgia's state and local general revenue from own sources as a percentage of personal income increased by 0.4 percentage points from FY 2014, approximately equal to the increase in the 50-state average.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Income and Employment Summary

8. Per Capita State General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	North Dakota	9,415	25	Maine	3,930
2	Wyoming	6,553	26	Washington	3,920
3	Hawaii	6,368	27	Illinois	3,908
4	Vermont	6,232	28	Colorado	3,846
5	Alaska	6,120	29	Utah	3,826
6	Delaware	5,919	30	Oklahoma	3,709
7	Connecticut	5,496	31	Montana	3,687
8	Massachusetts	5,406	32	Nebraska	3,652
9	Minnesota	5,315	33	Kentucky	3,632
10	New York	5,259	34	Ohio	3,562
11	New Mexico	4,952	35	Mississippi	3,526
12	New Jersey	4,761	36	Indiana	3,496
13	California	4,663	37	North Carolina	3,353
14	Rhode Island	4,637	38	South Carolina	3,322
15	West Virginia	4,567	39	Alabama	3,249
16	Iowa	4,409	40	Idaho	3,223
17	Maryland	4,405	41	South Dakota	3,112
18	Oregon	4,251	42	New Hampshire	3,111
►	50-State Average	4,190	43	Nevada	3,087
19	Kansas	4,181	44	Texas	2,919
20	Wisconsin	4,165	45	Louisiana	2,893
21	Arkansas	4,156	46	Missouri	2,844
22	Virginia	4,049	47	Arizona	2,704
23	Pennsylvania	4,036	48	Florida	2,625
24	Michigan	3,955	49	Tennessee	2,585
			50	Georgia	2,512



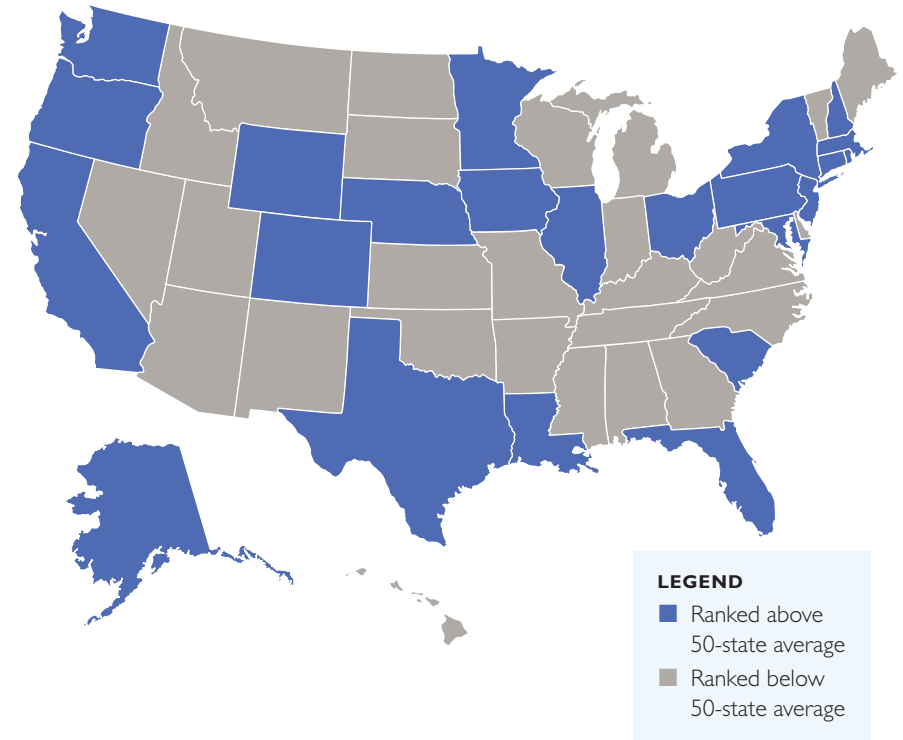
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita state general revenue from own sources increased by \$96 (4.0 percent) in FY 2015.
- The U.S. 50-state average per capita state general revenue decreased by \$41 (1.0 percent) between FY 2014 and FY 2015.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

9. Per Capita Local General Revenue from Own Sources, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	New York	6,255	25	Kansas	2,779
2	Wyoming	5,152	26	North Dakota	2,738
3	Alaska	3,908	27 Georgia	2,628	
4	New Jersey	3,858	28	Missouri	2,616
5	California	3,657	29	South Dakota	2,592
6	Nebraska	3,640	30	North Carolina	2,592
7	Colorado	3,627	31	Maine	2,581
8	Illinois	3,453	32	Nevada	2,578
9	Connecticut	3,356	33	Indiana	2,516
10	Washington	3,354	34	Wisconsin	2,501
11	New Hampshire	3,293	35	Tennessee	2,382
12	Maryland	3,270	36	Mississippi	2,341
13	Iowa	3,123	37	Alabama	2,337
14	Texas	3,063	38	Michigan	2,284
15	Florida	3,001	39	Arizona	2,168
16	South Carolina	2,965	40	Montana	2,144
17	Massachusetts	2,944	41	Oklahoma	2,106
18	Ohio	2,929	42	Utah	2,102
19	Rhode Island	2,914	43	Hawaii	2,089
20	Louisiana	2,912	44	Idaho	1,943
21	Pennsylvania	2,911	45	New Mexico	1,933
22	Minnesota	2,831	46	Kentucky	1,817
23	Oregon	2,802	47	West Virginia	1,743
►	50-State Average	2,800	48	Delaware	1,685
24	Virginia	2,782	49	Vermont	1,475
			50	Arkansas	1,342



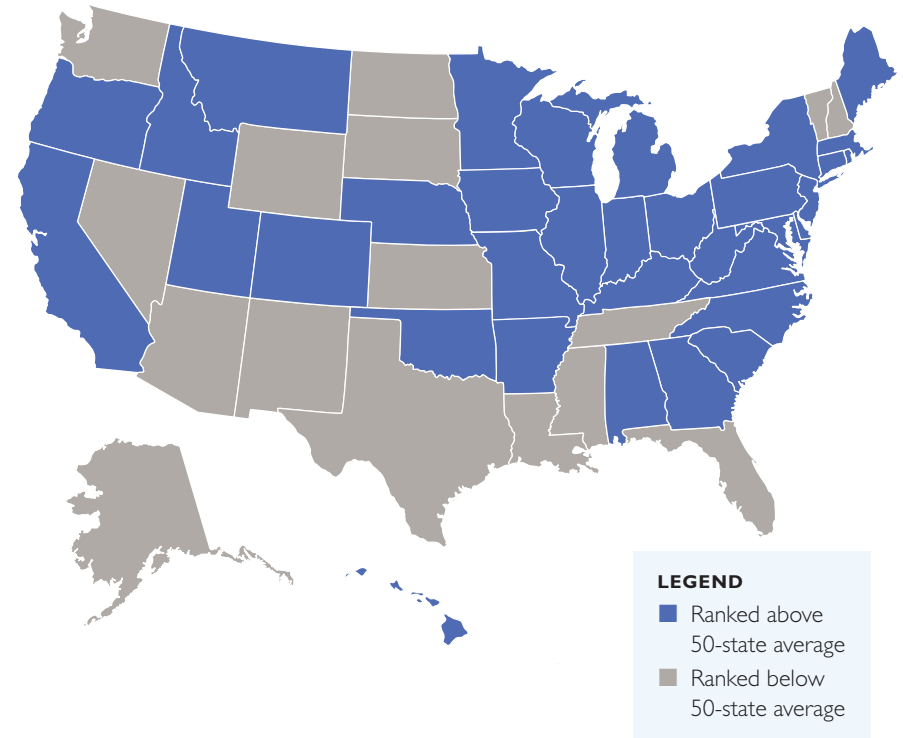
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita local general revenue from own sources increased by \$55 in FY 2015, about 2.1 percent.
- The U.S. 50-state average per capita local general revenue from own sources increased by \$125, about 4.7 percent.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

10. Percentage of Total State & Local Tax Revenue from Individual Income Tax, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN %	RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Oregon	41.6	26	Arkansas	23.1
2	Maryland	37.6	27	Hawaii	22.8
3	California	34.1	28	Maine	22.6
4	Massachusetts	33.6	29	Alabama	22.6
5	Kentucky	32.1	30	Oklahoma	22.5
6	New York	32.0	31	South Carolina	22.3
7	Virginia	31.9	32	New Jersey	22.2
8	Minnesota	31.8	33	Illinois	21.6
9	Connecticut	30.8	34	Rhode Island	21.2
10	North Carolina	29.4	►	50-State Average	20.8
11	Utah	29.1	35	Vermont	19.5
12	Montana	28.3	36	Kansas	17.7
13	Missouri	28.1	37	Mississippi	16.2
14	Georgia	27.0	38	Louisiana	16.2
15	Ohio	26.9	39	New Mexico	16.0
16	Delaware	26.6	40	Arizona	15.8
17	Wisconsin	26.3	41	North Dakota	7.7
18	Idaho	26.0	42	New Hampshire	1.6
19	Pennsylvania	25.8	43	Tennessee	1.4
20	West Virginia	25.6	44	Alaska	0
21	Colorado	25.4	44	Florida	0
22	Indiana	25.4	44	Nevada	0
23	Iowa	24.1	44	South Dakota	0
24	Michigan	23.4	44	Texas	0
25	Nebraska	23.4	44	Washington	0
			44	Wyoming	0



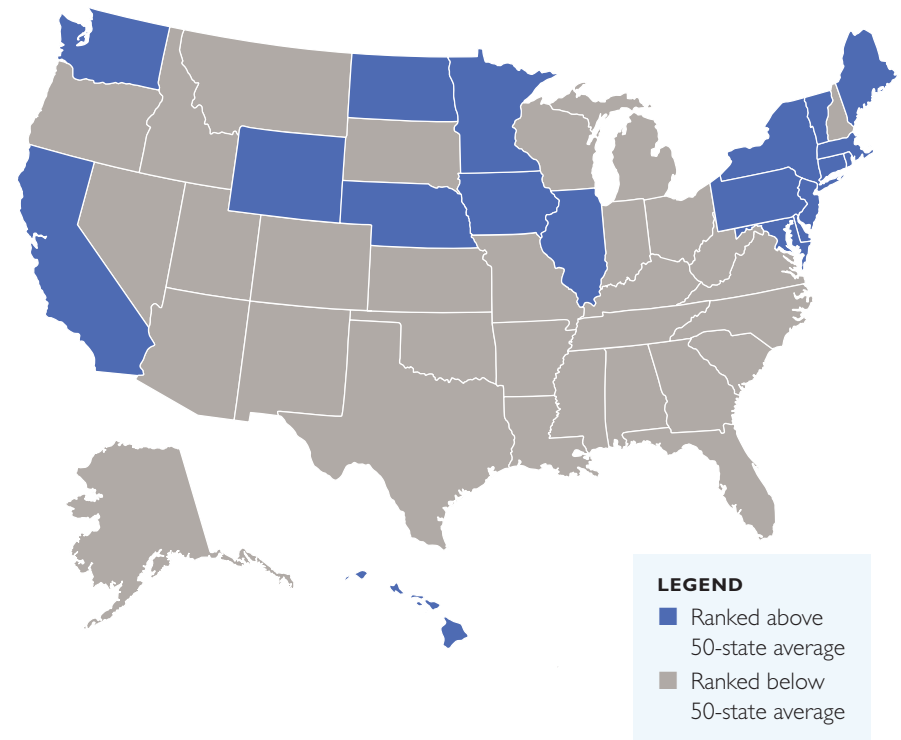
Quick Stats

- Georgia's total individual income tax revenue grew by 7.95 percent from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- Seven states have no state individual income tax. New Hampshire and Tennessee tax only dividend and interest income.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

Per Capita State & Local Taxes, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	North Dakota	9,182	25	Kansas	4,386
2	New York	8,722	26	Oregon	4,360
3	Connecticut	7,410	27	New Mexico	4,151
4	New Jersey	6,664	28	Texas	4,120
5	Wyoming	6,394	29	Nevada	4,099
6	Massachusetts	6,339	30	West Virginia	4,098
7	Hawaii	6,084	31	Montana	4,042
8	Minnesota	5,946	32	Michigan	4,008
9	Maryland	5,846	33	Louisiana	3,950
10	California	5,842	34	Arkansas	3,868
11	Vermont	5,801	35	South Dakota	3,835
12	Illinois	5,742	36	Indiana	3,835
13	Rhode Island	5,418	37	North Carolina	3,788
14	Maine	5,106	38	Kentucky	3,782
15	Nebraska	5,051	39	Oklahoma	3,697
16	Pennsylvania	4,950	40	Mississippi	3,669
17	Washington	4,765	41	Missouri	3,644
18	Delaware	4,760	42	Utah	3,622
19	Iowa	4,756	43	Georgia	3,515
►	50-State Average	4,714	44	Alaska	3,501
20	Wisconsin	4,661	45	Arizona	3,480
21	New Hampshire	4,647	46	Florida	3,448
22	Colorado	4,592	47	Idaho	3,433
23	Virginia	4,457	48	South Carolina	3,425
24	Ohio	4,414	49	Tennessee	3,268
			50	Alabama	3,141



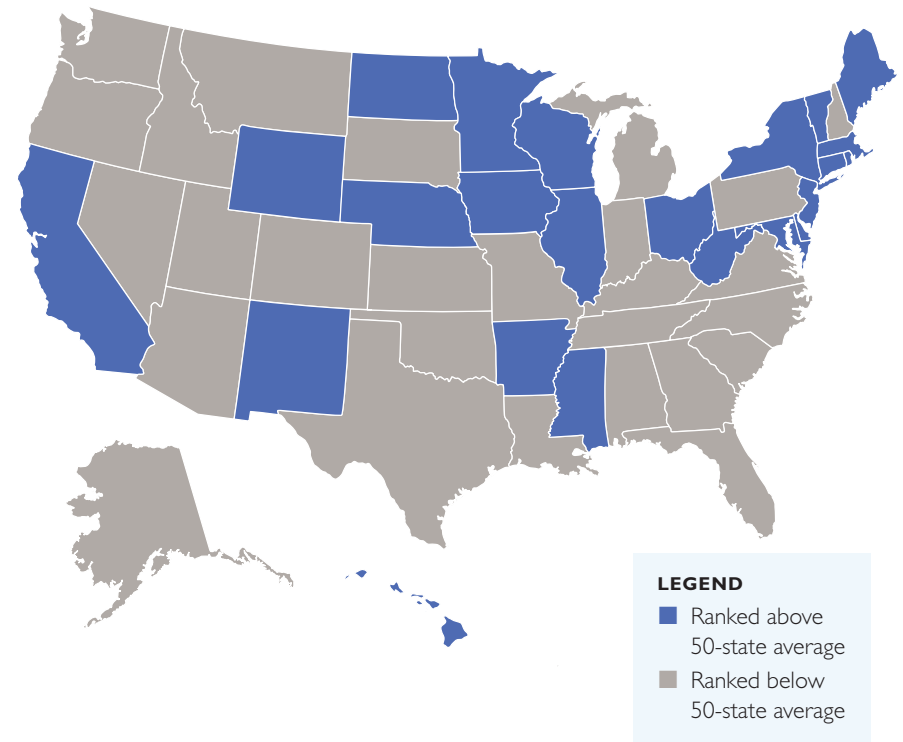
Quick Stats

- Georgia recorded \$138 more in per capita state and local taxes in FY 2015 compared to FY 2014, an increase of 4.1 percent.
- The 50-state average of per capita state and local taxes increased by \$107 or 2.3 percent in FY 2015.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

12. State & Local Taxes as a Percentage of Personal Income, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN %	RANK	STATE	IN %
1	North Dakota	16.7	25	Pennsylvania	9.7
2	New York	14.4	26	Kentucky	9.6
3	Hawaii	12.0	27	Montana	9.5
4	Wyoming	11.6	28	Nevada	9.4
5	Vermont	11.5	29	Louisiana	9.1
6	Maine	11.5	30	Michigan	9.0
7	Minnesota	11.4	31	Kansas	9.0
8	Illinois	11.0	32	North Carolina	9.0
9	West Virginia	11.0	33	Washington	8.9
10	New Jersey	10.8	34	Utah	8.9
11	New Mexico	10.7	35	Colorado	8.8
12	Rhode Island	10.5	36	Indiana	8.8
13	California	10.4	37	Idaho	8.8
14	Connecticut	10.4	38	South Carolina	8.7
15	Mississippi	10.2	39	Texas	8.6
16	Nebraska	10.2	40	Arizona	8.6
17	Iowa	10.2	41	Georgia	8.4
18	Maryland	10.1	42	Missouri	8.3
19	Wisconsin	9.9	43	Virginia	8.3
20	Ohio	9.8	44	Oklahoma	8.1
21	Arkansas	9.8	45	Alabama	8.0
22	Delaware	9.8	46	South Dakota	8.0
23	Massachusetts	9.7	47	New Hampshire	8.0
►	50-State Average	9.7	48	Tennessee	7.5
24	Oregon	9.7	49	Florida	7.5
			50	Alaska	6.3



Quick Stats

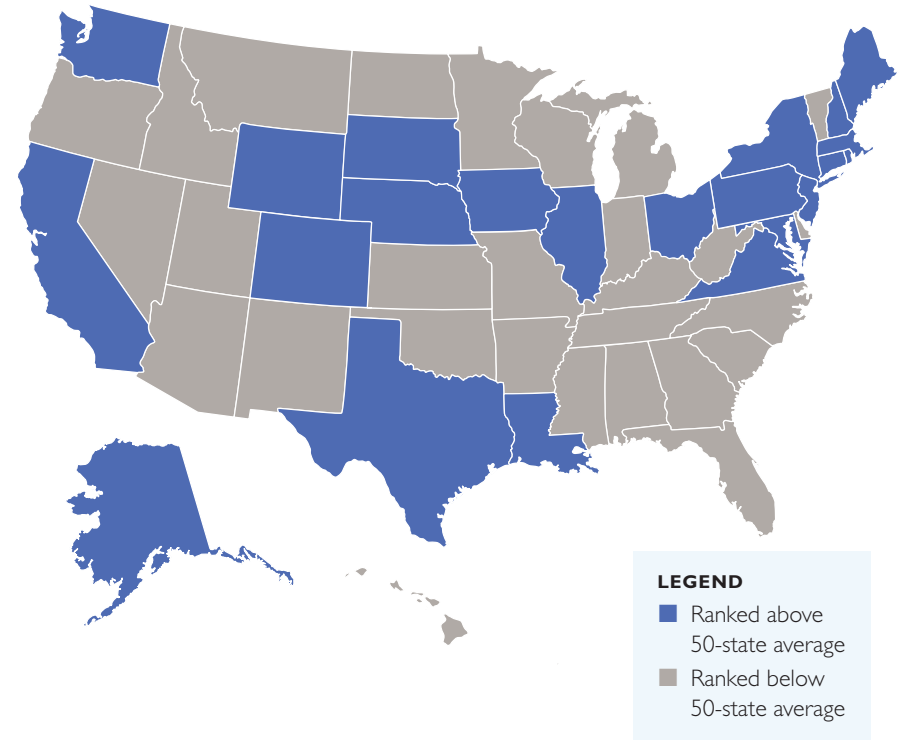
- Both the Georgia and the 50-state average of state and local taxes as a percentage of personal income was unchanged from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- The average of state and local taxes as a percent of personal income for the Southeastern U.S. states was 8.9 percent in FY 2015, 0.5 percent higher than for Georgia.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, State Income and Employment Summary

13. Per Capita Local Taxes, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	New York	4,771
2	New Jersey	3,140
3	Connecticut	2,891
4	New Hampshire	2,778
5	Illinois	2,567
6	Maryland	2,516
7	Rhode Island	2,392
8	Wyoming	2,373
9	Nebraska	2,368
10	Massachusetts	2,364
11	Alaska	2,331
12	Colorado	2,244
13	Pennsylvania	2,129
14	Texas	2,115
15	Maine	2,049
16	Virginia	2,008
17	California	1,980
18	Ohio	1,977
19	Washington	1,886
20	South Dakota	1,885
21	Louisiana	1,874
22	Iowa	1,815
►	50-State Average	1,801
23	Oregon	1,736
24	Wisconsin	1,712

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Missouri	1,679
26	Kansas	1,678
27	Florida	1,612
28	North Dakota	1,599
29	Georgia	1,584
30	Hawaii	1,553
31	Minnesota	1,494
32	Nevada	1,493
33	South Carolina	1,457
34	Arizona	1,418
35	Utah	1,384
36	Tennessee	1,344
37	Oklahoma	1,292
38	Michigan	1,291
39	North Carolina	1,290
40	Montana	1,289
41	New Mexico	1,269
42	Indiana	1,207
43	Kentucky	1,161
44	Alabama	1,133
45	West Virginia	1,080
46	Delaware	1,045
47	Idaho	1,030
48	Mississippi	1,028
49	Vermont	940
50	Arkansas	782



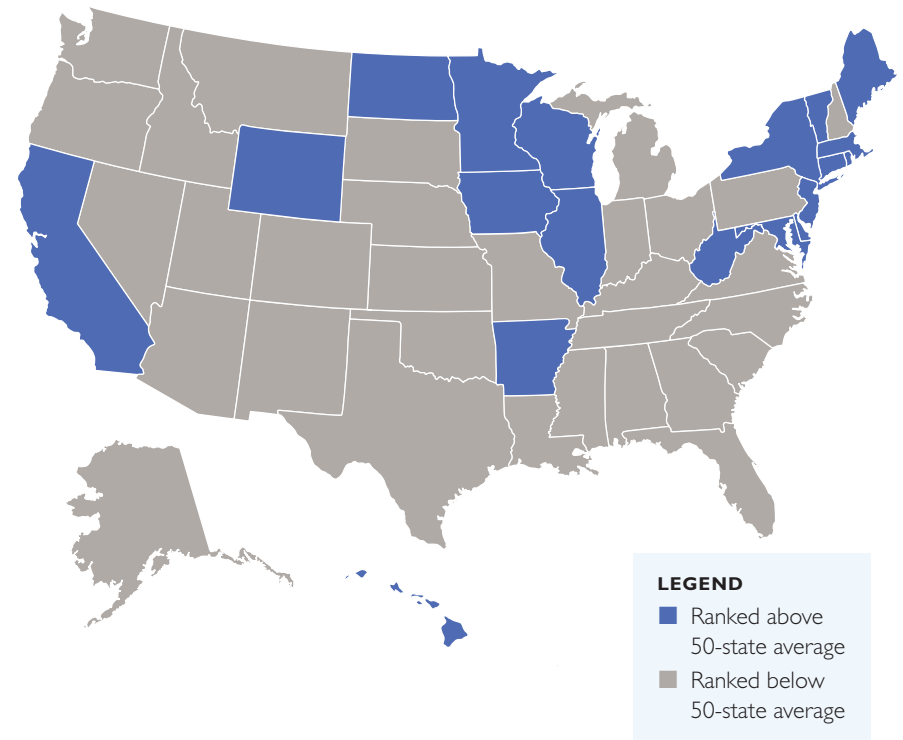
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita local taxes increased by \$52 (3.4 percent) from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- The U.S. 50-state average per capita local taxes increased by \$62 (3.6 percent)

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

14. Per Capita State Taxes, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	North Dakota	7,583	25	Kansas	2,708
2	Vermont	4,861	26	Nebraska	2,683
3	Hawaii	4,530	27	Mississippi	2,641
4	Connecticut	4,518	28	Indiana	2,628
5	Minnesota	4,452	29	Oregon	2,625
6	Wyoming	4,020	30	Kentucky	2,621
7	Massachusetts	3,976	31	Nevada	2,606
8	New York	3,951	32	North Carolina	2,498
9	California	3,862	33	Virginia	2,450
10	Delaware	3,715	34	Ohio	2,437
11	New Jersey	3,524	35	Oklahoma	2,405
12	Maryland	3,330	36	Idaho	2,402
13	Illinois	3,174	37	Colorado	2,348
14	Arkansas	3,086	38	Utah	2,237
15	Maine	3,057	39	Louisiana	2,076
16	Rhode Island	3,026	40	Arizona	2,062
17	West Virginia	3,018	41	Alabama	2,008
18	Wisconsin	2,949	42	Texas	2,005
19	Iowa	2,942	43	South Carolina	1,967
►	50-State Average	2,914	44	Missouri	1,965
20	New Mexico	2,882	45	South Dakota	1,950
21	Washington	2,879	46	Georgia	1,931
22	Pennsylvania	2,821	47	Tennessee	1,924
23	Montana	2,753	48	New Hampshire	1,870
24	Michigan	2,717	49	Florida	1,836
			50	Alaska	1,170



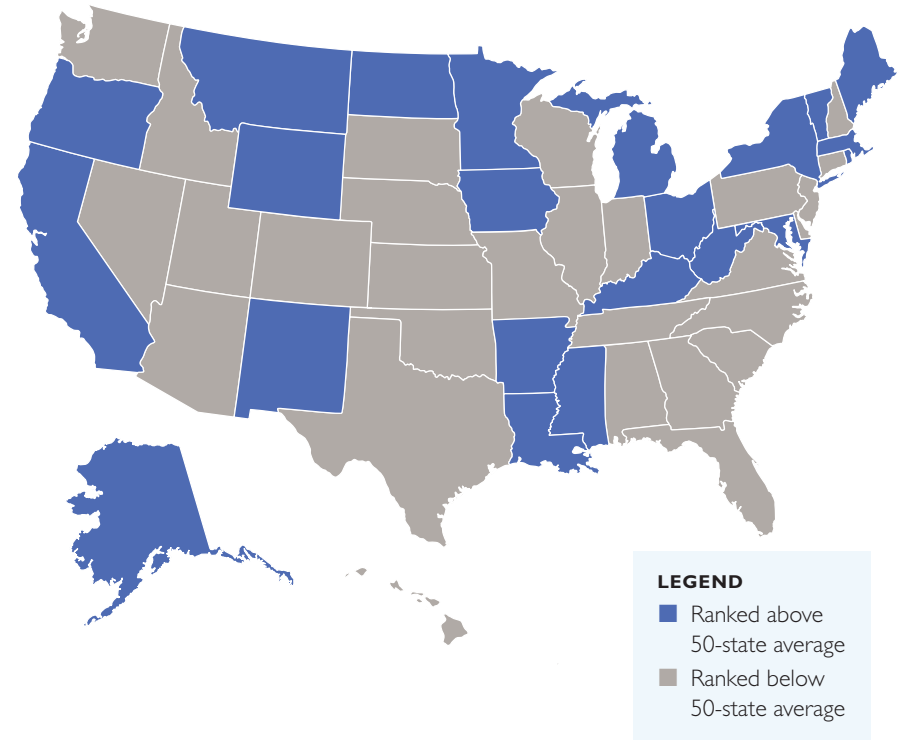
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita state taxes increased by \$86 in FY 2015 from FY 2014, a 4.7 percent increase.
- The 50-state average state tax increased by \$45 or 1.6 percent from FY 2014.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

15. Per Capita Federal Revenue, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Alaska	3,971	25	Connecticut	2,075
2	Wyoming	3,678	26	New Jersey	2,053
3	Vermont	3,469	27	Washington	2,034
4	New Mexico	3,448	28	Pennsylvania	1,971
5	New York	2,949	29	Alabama	1,967
6	Oregon	2,948	30	Arizona	1,953
7	Mississippi	2,734	31	South Dakota	1,940
8	Montana	2,593	32	Oklahoma	1,909
9	West Virginia	2,587	33	Missouri	1,846
10	Kentucky	2,496	34	North Carolina	1,812
11	North Dakota	2,481	35	Indiana	1,808
12	Arkansas	2,437	36	Nebraska	1,765
13	Rhode Island	2,428	37	Illinois	1,749
14	California	2,385	38	Tennessee	1,702
15	Massachusetts	2,340	39	South Carolina	1,701
16	Louisiana	2,303	40	Wisconsin	1,695
17	Iowa	2,248	41	Texas	1,654
18	Michigan	2,221	42	Colorado	1,648
19	Maryland	2,200	43	Idaho	1,637
20	Ohio	2,197	44	New Hampshire	1,608
21	Maine	2,170	45	Nevada	1,568
22	Minnesota	2,166	46	Utah	1,559
►	50-State Average	2,160	47	Florida	1,475
23	Hawaii	2,124	48	Georgia	1,439
24	Delaware	2,083	49	Kansas	1,426
			50	Virginia	1,351



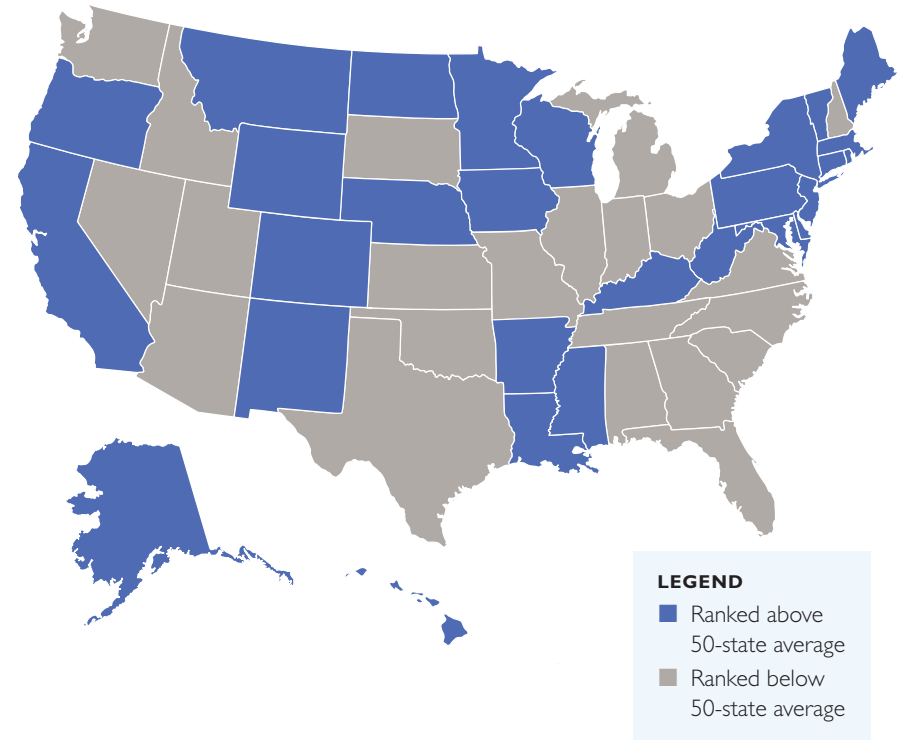
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita revenue from federal sources decreased by \$125 or 8.0 percent in FY 2015 from FY 2014.
- The U.S. 50-state per capita federal revenue increased by \$83 or 3.8 percent in FY 2015.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

16. Per Capita State Expenditures, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Alaska	13,522	26	Maine	6,038
2	Delaware	10,751	27	Pennsylvania	5,973
3	North Dakota	9,841	28	Louisiana	5,924
4	Hawaii	9,685	►	50-State Average	5,848
5	Oregon	9,104	29	Virginia	5,836
6	Massachusetts	8,997	30	Ohio	5,807
7	Vermont	8,905	31	Oklahoma	5,790
8	Connecticut	8,903	32	Washington	5,733
9	West Virginia	8,832	33	Arizona	5,725
10	Wyoming	8,738	34	Michigan	5,481
11	New Mexico	8,690	35	Alabama	5,313
12	Rhode Island	8,166	36	Kansas	5,202
13	Arkansas	8,018	37	South Dakota	4,821
14	Wisconsin	7,914	38	Tennessee	4,801
15	New York	7,633	39	Indiana	4,735
16	Kentucky	7,370	40	South Carolina	4,626
17	Iowa	7,367	41	Georgia	4,610
18	Maryland	6,778	42	Utah	4,471
19	Minnesota	6,666	43	Texas	4,406
20	Colorado	6,629	44	Nevada	4,394
21	Mississippi	6,614	45	North Carolina	4,380
22	California	6,392	46	New Hampshire	4,371
23	New Jersey	6,321	47	Idaho	4,358
24	Montana	6,124	48	Illinois	4,245
25	Nebraska	6,088	49	Missouri	4,042
			50	Florida	3,509



Quick Stats

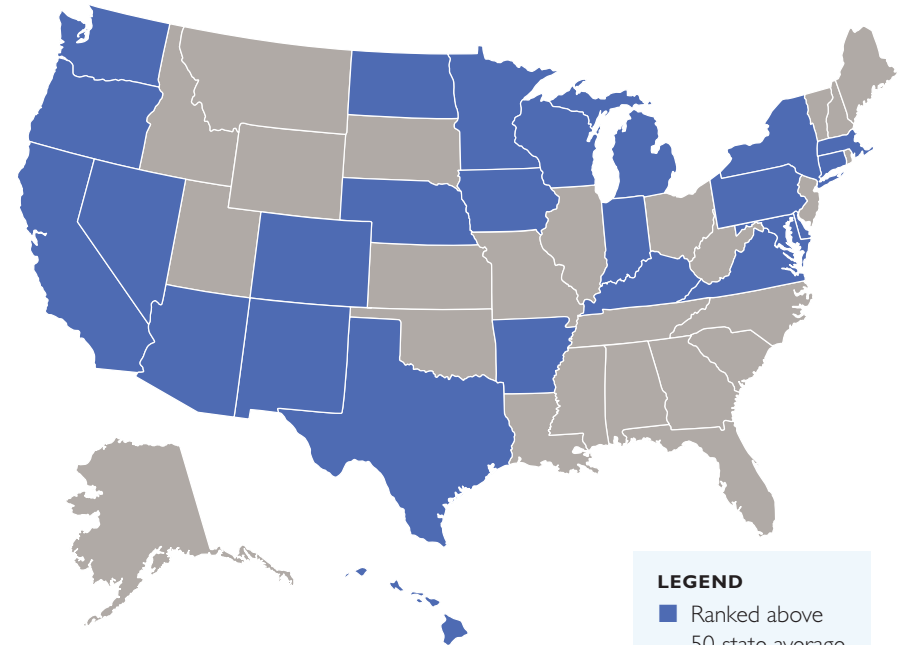
- Georgia's per capita state expenditures increased by \$204 in FY 2016 compared to FY 2015, an increase of 4.6 percent.
- The U.S. 50-state average per capita state expenditure decreased by 1.6 percent between FY 2015 and FY 2016.

Sources: National Association of State Budget Officers State Expenditure Report, Fiscal 2015-2017; and U.S. Census Annual Population Estimates

17. Real Percent Change in Per Capita State Expenditures, FY 2006-16

RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Colorado	73.1
2	North Dakota	65.0
3	Delaware	41.1
4	Oregon	40.7
5	Iowa	27.5
6	Nevada	27.4
7	Kentucky	25.8
8	Arkansas	25.8
9	Massachusetts	25.2
10	Texas	23.6
11	Maryland	23.0
12	New Mexico	22.5
13	Virginia	19.5
14	New York	18.9
15	Connecticut	18.0
16	Pennsylvania	17.9
17	Indiana	16.9
18	Arizona	15.8
19	Nebraska	15.2
20	Hawaii	13.9
21	Minnesota	13.7
22	California	13.1
23	Wisconsin	12.2
24	Michigan	12.2
25	Washington	11.6

RANK	STATE	IN %
►	50-State Average	11.6
26	Montana	11.4
27	Mississippi	10.4
28	New Jersey	10.1
29	Rhode Island	10.0
30	Oklahoma	9.0
31	New Hampshire	8.9
32	Idaho	8.3
33	Utah	7.9
34	South Dakota	7.8
35	Georgia	7.5
36	Kansas	7.0
37	Ohio	6.2
38	Tennessee	5.4
39	Illinois	5.2
40	Missouri	2.2
41	Louisiana	-1.0
42	Maine	-4.2
43	South Carolina	-4.5
44	Vermont	-4.6
45	North Carolina	-5.6
46	Florida	-11.9
47	Alaska	-19.3
48	West Virginia	-32.7
49	Wyoming	-37.4
50	Alabama	-37.9



LEGEND

- Ranked above 50-state average
- Ranked below 50-state average

Quick Stats

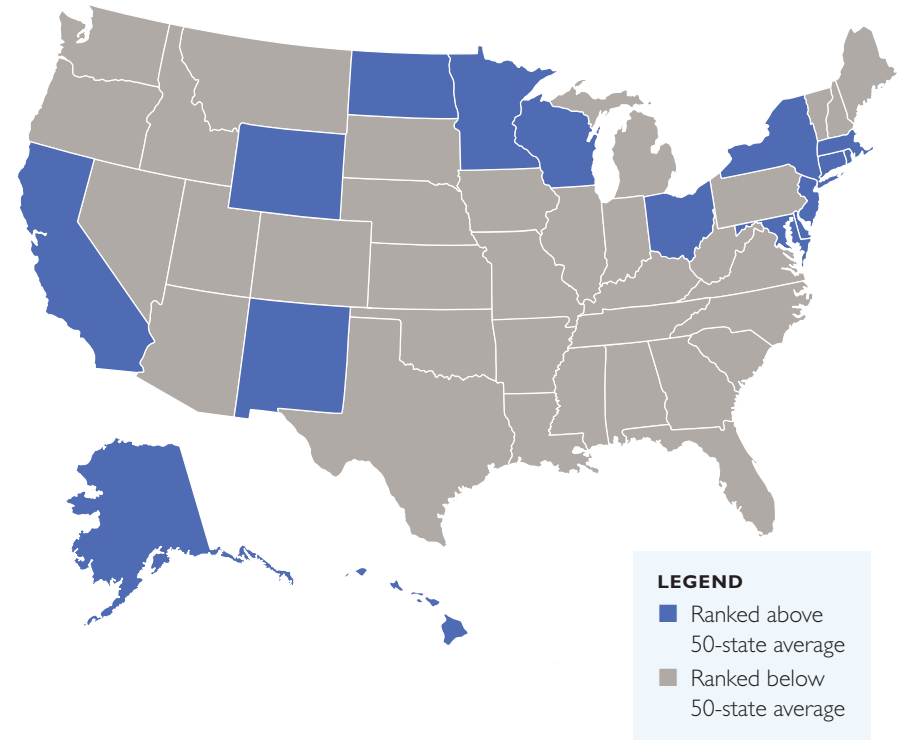
- Total state expenditures, not adjusted for inflation and population, increased by 42.3 percent in Georgia and by an average rate of 40.7 percent across all 50 states from FY 2006-16.

Sources: National Association of State Budget Officers, *State Expenditure Reports for Fiscal 2015-17 and Fiscal 2005-07*; U.S. Census Bureau, *Annual Population Estimates*; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product*

18. Per Capita General Fund Expenditures, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Alaska	7,378
2	Connecticut	5,011
3	Hawaii	4,817
4	Massachusetts	4,374
5	Delaware	4,111
6	North Dakota	3,975
7	New Jersey	3,706
8	Minnesota	3,651
9	New York	3,446
10	Rhode Island	3,358
11	Wyoming	3,213
12	New Mexico	2,989
13	California	2,916
14	Ohio	2,892
15	Maryland	2,699
16	Wisconsin	2,655
►	50-State Average	2,523
17	Washington	2,493
18	Maine	2,457
19	Pennsylvania	2,357
20	Virginia	2,339
21	Vermont	2,333
22	Iowa	2,312
23	Kentucky	2,305
24	West Virginia	2,291

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Indiana	2,287
26	Nebraska	2,200
27	Oregon	2,197
28	Montana	2,146
29	Kansas	2,103
30	North Carolina	2,090
31	Georgia	2,059
32	Utah	2,029
33	Tennessee	1,993
34	Texas	1,937
35	Mississippi	1,887
36	Colorado	1,882
37	Illinois	1,858
38	Louisiana	1,858
39	Idaho	1,799
40	Arkansas	1,733
41	South Dakota	1,689
42	Oklahoma	1,671
43	Alabama	1,627
44	Missouri	1,480
45	South Carolina	1,475
46	Florida	1,398
47	Arizona	1,373
48	Nevada	1,225
49	New Hampshire	1,038
50	Michigan	1,017



Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita general fund expenditures increased by \$128 or 6.6 percent from FY 2015 to FY 2016.
- Georgia's total general fund expenditures were \$21.2 billion in FY 2016, an increase of \$1.5 billion over FY 2015.

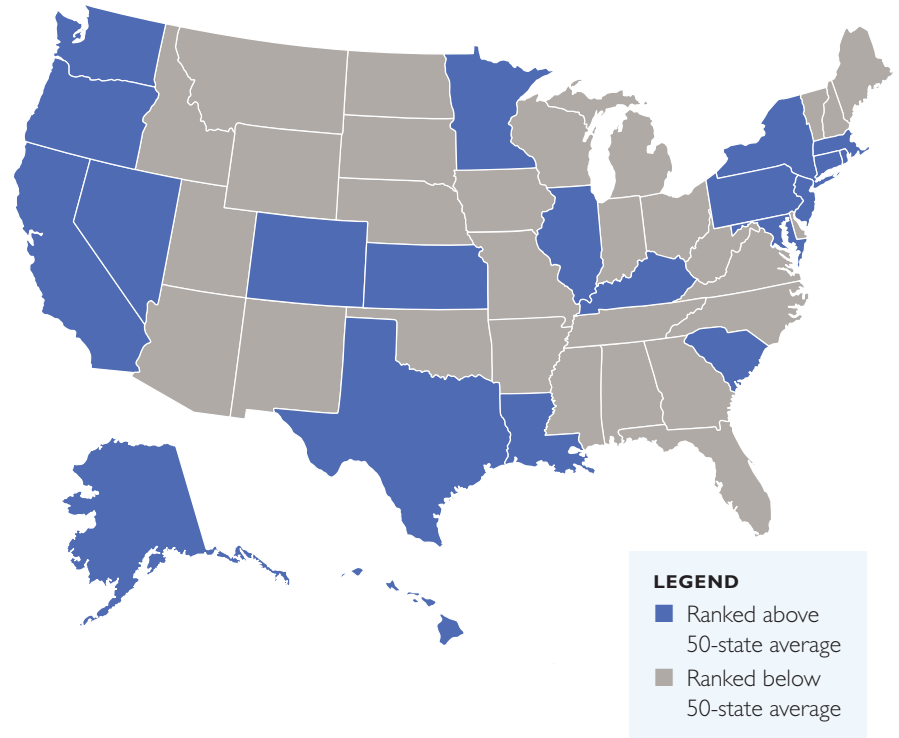
Note: The general fund, the predominant fund for financing a state's operations, receives revenues from broad-based state taxes. Specific functions are financed differently from state to state.

Sources: National Association of State Budget Officers State Expenditure Report, Fiscal 2015-2017; and U.S. Census Annual Population Estimates

19. Per Capita State & Local Debt Outstanding, FY 2015

RANK		STATE	LOCAL	S&L
		-----IN \$-----		
1	New York	6,939	10,546	17,485
2	Massachusetts	11,084	2,629	13,713
3	Connecticut	9,845	3,227	13,071
4	Alaska	7,757	4,508	12,265
5	Illinois	4,994	6,556	11,550
6	Washington	4,495	6,864	11,359
7	New Jersey	7,471	3,704	11,175
8	Rhode Island	8,525	2,466	10,991
9	California	3,876	6,879	10,754
10	Hawaii	6,117	4,237	10,355
11	Colorado	3,152	7,138	10,290
12	Texas	1,756	8,352	10,108
13	Pennsylvania	3,675	6,255	9,930
14	Nevada	1,160	8,758	9,917
15	Kansas	2,604	7,126	9,730
16	Minnesota	3,052	6,313	9,366
17	Kentucky	3,115	5,928	9,043
18	South Carolina	3,089	5,778	8,867
19	Oregon	3,242	5,418	8,660
20	Maryland	4,427	4,075	8,503
21	Louisiana	3,767	4,678	8,445
►	50-State Average	3,728	4,566	8,295
22	Nebraska	954	7,219	8,173
23	New Hampshire	6,170	1,943	8,114
24	Delaware	5,249	2,812	8,061

RANK		STATE	LOCAL	S&L
		-----	IN \$-----	
25	North Dakota	2,727	5,231	7,957
26	Virginia	3,368	4,397	7,765
27	Missouri	3,181	4,534	7,714
28	Michigan	3,350	4,355	7,706
29	Indiana	3,393	4,285	7,678
30	Wisconsin	3,827	3,780	7,607
31	New Mexico	3,232	4,211	7,442
32	Ohio	2,851	4,532	7,383
33	Florida	1,643	5,690	7,334
34	Vermont	5,336	1,973	7,309
35	Arizona	2,086	4,930	7,016
36	Tennessee	913	5,871	6,784
37	South Dakota	3,828	2,945	6,773
38	Utah	2,497	4,265	6,761
39	Alabama	1,846	4,352	6,198
40	Maine	3,770	2,176	5,947
41	Iowa	1,959	3,963	5,922
42	West Virginia	3,863	1,814	5,677
43	Arkansas	1,674	3,907	5,581
44	Georgia	1,297	4,200	5,497
45	North Carolina	1,739	3,254	4,993
46	Montana	3,104	1,883	4,988
47	Oklahoma	2,275	2,561	4,836
48	Mississippi	2,497	2,241	4,738
49	Idaho	2,227	1,605	3,832
50	Wyoming	1,424	1,955	3,379



Quick Stats

- ▶ Georgia's per capita state and local government debt outstanding decreased by \$134 (2.4 percent) from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- ▶ The 50-state average level of state and local government debt increased by \$45 (0.6 percent). However, for the Southeastern states, the average dropped by 0.1 percent.

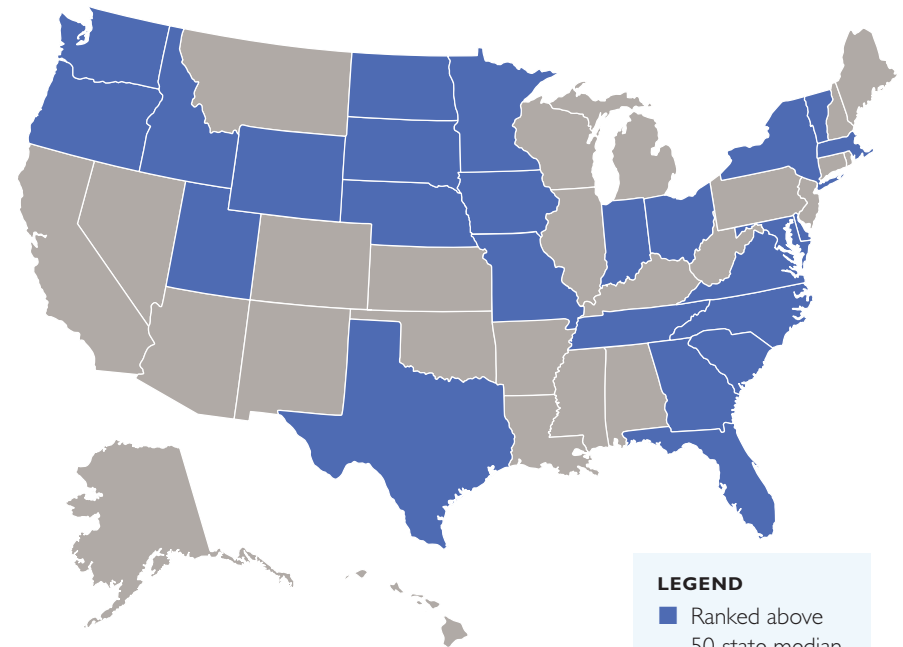
Note: The ranking is based on state and local debt combined.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances;
U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

20. State Credit Ratings, 2016

RANK	STATE	S&P	MOODY'S	FITCH
I	Delaware	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Georgia	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Indiana*	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Iowa*	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Maryland	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Missouri	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Nebraska*	AAA	--	--
I	North Carolina	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	South Dakota*	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Tennessee	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Texas	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Utah	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Virginia	AAA	Aaa	AAA
I	Wyoming*	AAA	--	--
15	Florida	AAA	Aa1	AAA
15	South Carolina	AA+	Aaa	AAA
15	Vermont	AA+	Aaa	AAA
18	Minnesota	AA+	Aa1	AAA
19	Idaho*	AA+	Aa1	AA+
19	Massachusetts	AA+	Aa1	AA+
19	New York	AA+	Aa1	AA+
19	North Dakota*	AA+	Aa1	--
19	Ohio	AA+	Aa1	AA+
19	Oregon	AA+	Aa1	AA+

RANK	STATE	S&P	MOODY'S	FITCH
19	Washington	AA+	Aa1	AA+
26	Alabama	AA	Aa1	AA+
26	Alaska	AA+	Aa2	AA+
26	Hawaii	AA+	Aa1	AA
26	Montana	AA	Aa1	AA+
26	New Hampshire	AA	Aa1	AA+
26	Oklahoma	AA+	Aa2	AA+
32	Arkansas	AA	Aa1	--
32	Colorado*	AA	Aa1	--
32	New Mexico	AA	Aa1	--
35	Nevada	AA	Aa2	AA+
36	Arizona*	AA	Aa2	--
36	Maine	AA	Aa2	AA
36	Michigan	AA-	Aa1	AA
36	Mississippi	AA	Aa2	AA
36	Rhode Island	AA	Aa2	AA
36	West Virginia	AA-	Aa1	AA
36	Wisconsin	AA	Aa2	AA
43	Kansas*	AA-	Aa2	--
44	Louisiana	AA	Aa3	AA-
45	California	AA-	Aa3	AA-
45	Connecticut	AA-	Aa3	AA-
45	Kentucky*	A+	Aa2	AA-
45	Pennsylvania	AA-	Aa3	AA-
49	New Jersey	A-	A2	A
50	Illinois	BBB	Baa2	BBB+



LEGEND

- Ranked above 50-state median
- Ranked below 50-state median

Quick Stats

- Georgia has maintained a AAA rating from S&P since 2001. Outlook is stable per S&P, Moody's & Fitch as of June 2017.

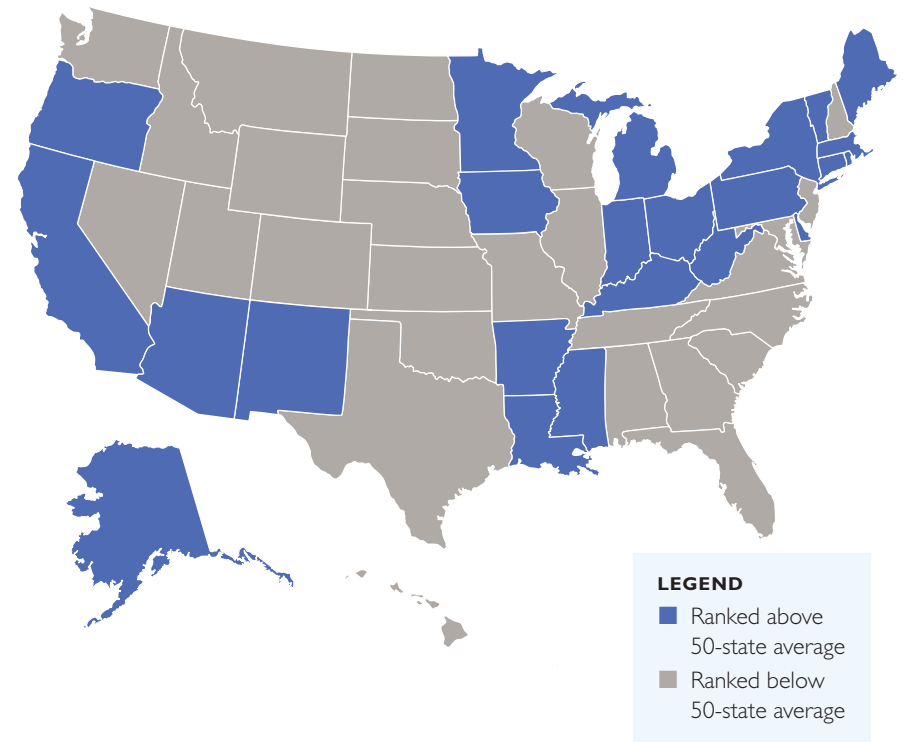
*States with no outstanding general obligation debt. Shown are the ratings these states would likely receive if they decided to issue general obligation debt.

Note: States are ranked based on the average value of their bond ratings on a 10-point scale, with AAA rating equal to 10 points.

Source: JLARC, "Virginia Compared to the Other States," 2017 Edition (ratings as of December 2016)

21. Per Capita Medicaid Expenditures, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Vermont	2,624	25	Maryland	1,644
2	New Mexico	2,601	26	Colorado	1,622
3	New York	2,436	27	Hawaii	1,590
4	Rhode Island	2,433	28	Wisconsin	1,589
5	Alaska	2,294	29	New Jersey	1,583
6	Kentucky	2,230	30	North Dakota	1,512
7	Massachusetts	2,223	31	Missouri	1,502
8	Arkansas	2,194	32	Texas	1,489
9	Ohio	2,190	33	New Hampshire	1,467
10	Pennsylvania	2,183	34	Oklahoma	1,361
11	Delaware	2,130	35	North Carolina	1,357
12	California	2,081	36	Alabama	1,307
13	Oregon	2,028	37	South Carolina	1,262
14	Minnesota	2,028	38	Illinois	1,251
15	Connecticut	2,018	39	Montana	1,242
16	Maine	1,994	40	Idaho	1,151
17	West Virginia	1,928	41	Florida	1,129
18	Mississippi	1,724	42	Kansas	1,107
19	Louisiana	1,715	43	Nevada	1,097
20	Michigan	1,705	44	Virginia	1,054
21	Indiana	1,699	45	Nebraska	1,040
22	Iowa	1,679	46	Washington	1,039
23	Arizona	1,662	47	Wyoming	999
►	50-State Average	1,653	48	South Dakota	994
24	Tennessee	1,651	49	Georgia	963
			50	Utah	835



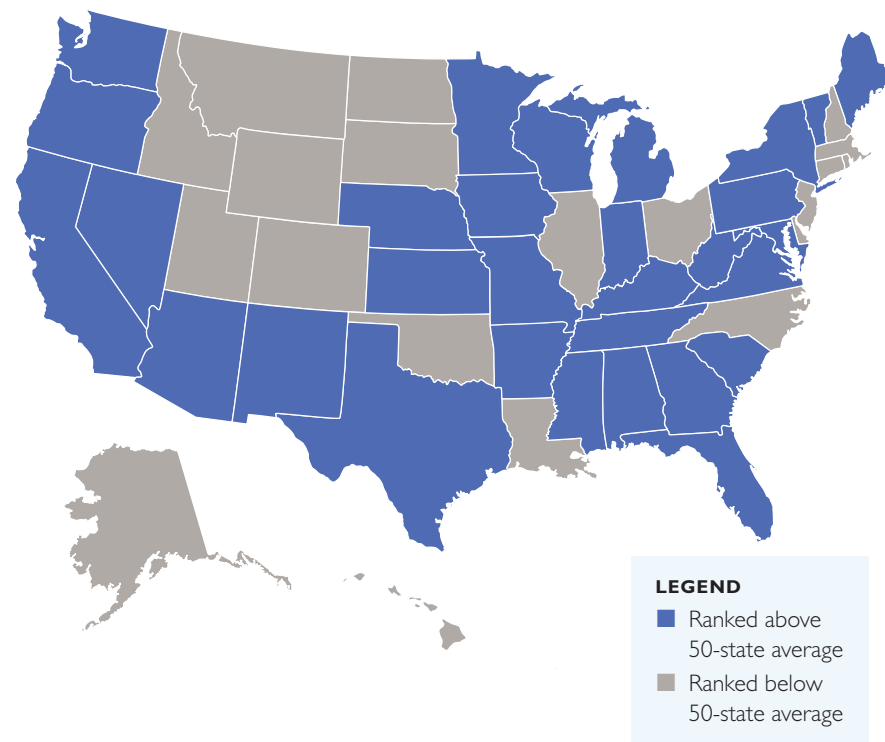
Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita Medicaid expenditures decreased by \$2 (0.3 percent) from FY 2015 to FY 2016. The 50-state average increased by 4.4 percent.
- Georgia's total Medicaid expenditures in FY 2016 were \$9.92 billion, a \$67 million or 0.68 percent increase from FY 2015. Nationwide, Medicaid expenditures rose by \$19.0 billion or 3.6 percent.

Sources: National Association of State Budget Officers State Expenditure Report, Fiscal 2014-2016; and U.S. Census Annual Population Estimates

22. Percentage of Total State Expenditures on Public Assistance, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN %	RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Arkansas	49.4	26	Washington	40.5
2	Tennessee	48.3	27	Nebraska	40.4
3	New Mexico	47.6	28	Virginia	40.3
4	Mississippi	46.9	29	Georgia	40.0
5	Missouri	46.3	30	Alabama	40.0
6	Florida	46.1	►	50-State Average	39.9
7	Oregon	46.1	31	Massachusetts	39.7
8	New York	45.9	32	Rhode Island	38.9
9	Arizona	45.8	33	Oklahoma	38.6
10	Iowa	45.8	34	Idaho	38.2
11	Maine	45.0	35	Ohio	38.1
12	Kentucky	44.8	36	Colorado	38.1
13	Kansas	44.4	37	Illinois	37.6
14	California	44.0	38	North Carolina	37.5
15	Indiana	43.9	39	Connecticut	37.4
16	Minnesota	43.6	40	Delaware	37.1
17	West Virginia	43.2	41	Louisiana	36.9
18	Vermont	42.8	42	Utah	34.4
19	Michigan	42.5	43	New Jersey	33.9
20	Nevada	41.4	44	New Hampshire	32.8
21	Pennsylvania	41.2	45	South Dakota	32.4
22	Texas	41.2	46	Hawaii	32.0
23	Maryland	41.2	47	Montana	28.7
24	South Carolina	41.1	48	North Dakota	27.2
25	Wisconsin	41.0	49	Wyoming	25.1
			50	Alaska	20.9



Quick Stats

- Georgia's per capita expenditure on public assistance was \$1,389 in FY 2015.
- Georgia's share of state expenditures on public assistance increased by 1.4 percentage points from FY 2014 to FY 2015, approximately the same as in the 50-state and U.S. Southern state averages.

Notes:

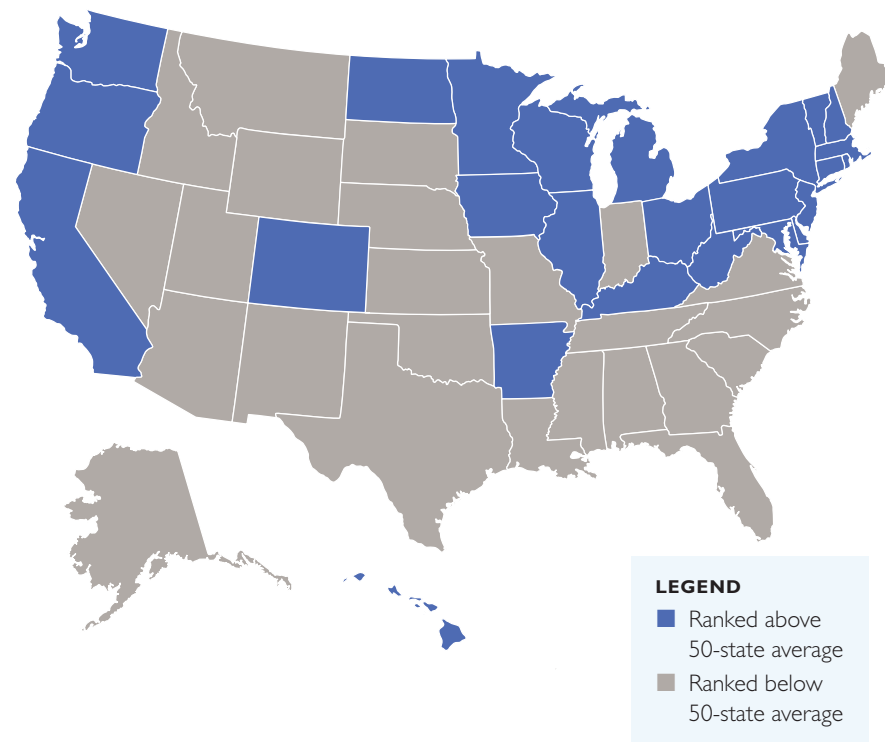
1. Public assistance expenditures include public welfare, hospital, health, employment security administration, veteran services, and other public welfare expenditures.
2. Figures from this table in the prior edition are not comparable as they included local expenditures.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

23. Percentage of Population Under Age 65 With Health Insurance, 2016

RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Massachusetts	97.1
2	Hawaii	95.8
3	Vermont	95.5
4	Minnesota	95.2
5	Iowa	95.0
6	Rhode Island	94.9
7	Connecticut	94.3
8	Kentucky	94.0
9	Wisconsin	93.8
10	Michigan	93.7
11	West Virginia	93.5
12	Delaware	93.4
13	Ohio	93.4
14	Pennsylvania	93.3
15	Washington	93.1
16	Maryland	93.0
17	New York	93.0
18	New Hampshire	92.9
19	Oregon	92.7
20	Illinois	92.6
21	North Dakota	91.9
22	California	91.7
23	Colorado	91.4
24	New Jersey	90.8
25	Arkansas	90.7

RANK	STATE	IN %
►	50-State Average	90.7
26	Indiana	90.6
27	Utah	90.3
28	Montana	90.2
29	Nebraska	90.1
30	Maine	90.1
31	Virginia	89.9
32	Kansas	89.9
33	South Dakota	89.7
34	Missouri	89.5
35	Tennessee	89.4
36	Alabama	89.3
37	New Mexico	89.2
38	Idaho	88.2
39	Arizona	88.1
40	South Carolina	88.1
41	Louisiana	88.1
42	North Carolina	87.8
43	Nevada	86.9
44	Wyoming	86.6
45	Mississippi	86.1
46	Georgia	85.2
47	Florida	84.7
48	Alaska	84.5
49	Oklahoma	83.9
50	Texas	81.4



Quick Stats

- The percentage of persons under 65 covered by health insurance in Georgia increased from 84.3 to 85.2 percent between 2015 and 2016.
- In 2016, 67.3 percent of Georgians under 65 years of age had private insurance, and 21.6 percent had public health insurance (Medicare, Medicaid, VA Health Care, CHIP, state health plans).*

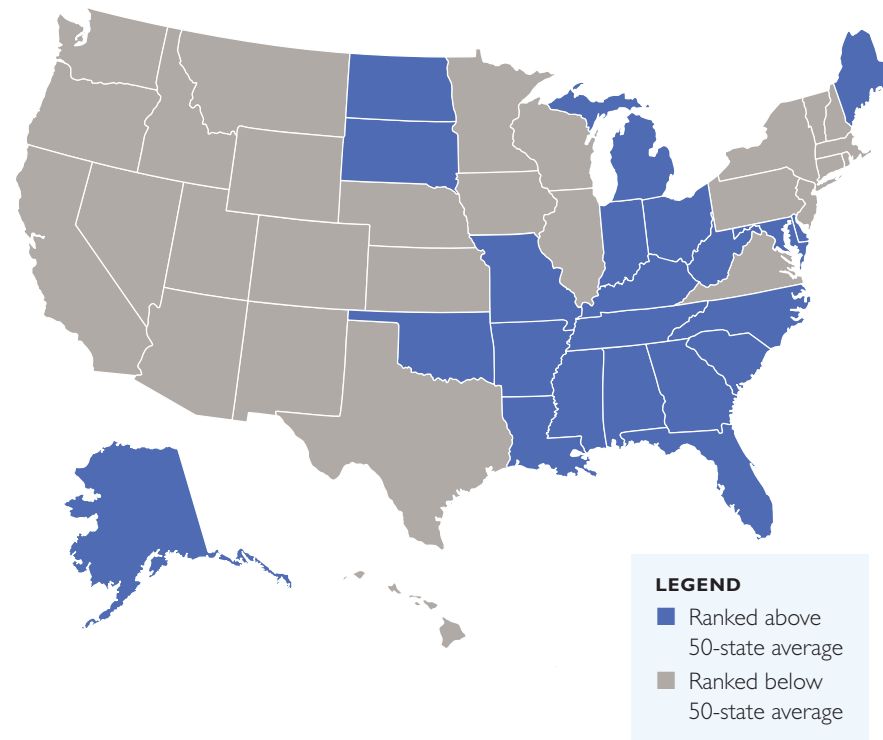
*Percentages for private/public health insurance do not add to total coverage because some individuals report having health insurance coverage from both private and public sources.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

24. Infant Mortality Rate, 2015

RANK	STATE	PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS
1	Mississippi	9.3
2	Delaware	9.0
3	Alabama	8.3
4	Georgia	7.8
5	Louisiana	7.7
6	Arkansas	7.5
7	Oklahoma	7.3
8	Indiana	7.3
9	North Carolina	7.3
10	South Dakota	7.3
11	West Virginia	7.2
12	Ohio	7.2
13	North Dakota	7.2
14	Tennessee	7.0
15	South Carolina	7.0
16	Alaska	6.9
17	Kentucky	6.7
18	Maryland	6.7
19	Maine	6.6
20	Michigan	6.6
21	Missouri	6.5
22	Florida	6.2
►	50-State Average	6.1
23	Pennsylvania	6.1
24	Illinois	6.0

RANK	STATE	PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS
25	Montana	6.0
26	Kansas	5.9
27	Virginia	5.9
28	Hawaii	5.9
29	Wisconsin	5.8
30	Texas	5.7
31	Nebraska	5.7
32	Connecticut	5.6
33	Rhode Island	5.6
34	Arizona	5.5
35	Nevada	5.2
36	Minnesota	5.2
37	New Mexico	5.1
38	Oregon	5.1
39	Utah	5.1
40	Wyoming	5.0
41	Washington	4.9
42	New Jersey	4.7
43	Idaho	4.6
44	Colorado	4.6
45	New York	4.6
46	Vermont	4.6
47	California	4.4
48	Massachusetts	4.3
49	Iowa	4.2
50	New Hampshire	4.2



Quick Stats

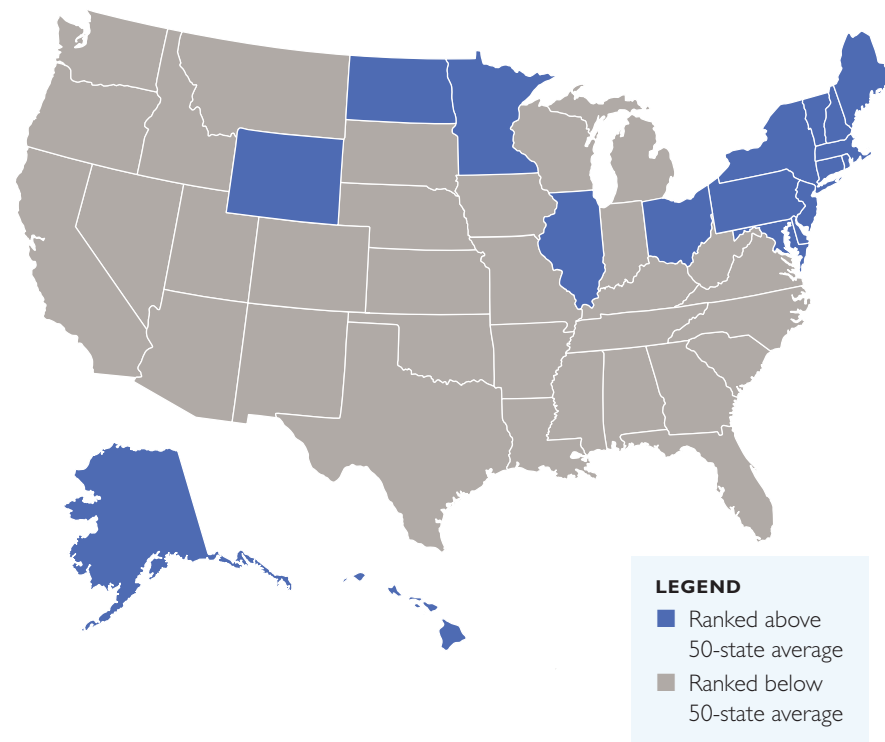
- Georgia's infant mortality rate increased from 7.5 to 7.8 per 1,000 live births from 2014 to 2015.
- The 50-state average infant mortality rate increased from 6.0 to 6.1 per 1,000 live births from 2014 to 2015.
- The U.S. Southeastern states' average infant mortality rate was 7.3 per 1,000 live births in 2015.

Source: CDC/National Center for Health Statistics: Infant Mortality Rates by State-2015

25. State & Local Per-Pupil School Funding, Pre-K to 12, 2014-15

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	New York	23,026
2	Connecticut	20,606
3	New Jersey	20,236
4	Alaska	19,707
5	Wyoming	19,607
6	Vermont	19,054
7	Massachusetts	17,537
8	Pennsylvania	16,769
9	Rhode Island	16,043
10	Maryland	15,637
11	New Hampshire	15,447
12	Delaware	15,093
13	Illinois	14,235
14	Maine	14,114
15	North Dakota	13,652
16	Ohio	13,631
17	Minnesota	13,510
18	Hawaii	13,402
►	50-State Average	12,427
19	Michigan	12,252
20	Nebraska	12,206
21	Wisconsin	12,145
22	Iowa	11,863
23	Washington	11,725
24	Virginia	11,383

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Oregon	11,375
26	Indiana	11,237
27	Kansas	11,098
28	West Virginia	11,097
29	California	10,914
30	Montana	10,890
31	Louisiana	10,888
32	Missouri	10,739
33	South Carolina	10,729
34	Colorado	10,190
35	New Mexico	10,082
36	Texas	9,905
37	Arkansas	9,821
38	Georgia	9,750
39	Kentucky	9,730
40	South Dakota	9,076
41	Nevada	8,995
42	Alabama	8,929
43	Florida	8,692
44	Tennessee	8,356
45	Oklahoma	8,085
46	Mississippi	7,972
47	North Carolina	7,889
48	Utah	7,491
49	Arizona	7,476
50	Idaho	7,058



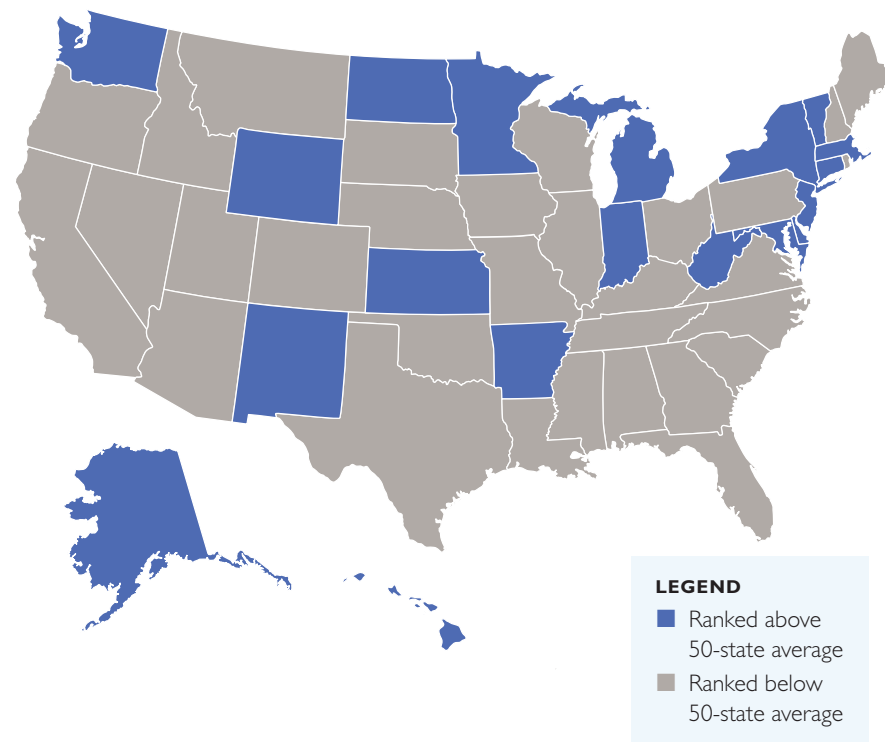
Quick Stats

- ▶ Per pupil state and local funding in Georgia increased by \$326 or 3.5 percent between the 2013-14 and 2014-15 school years. It's also 1.5 percent higher than the Southeastern states' average.
- ▶ The 50-state average per pupil state and local funding increased by \$473 or 4 percent between 2013-14 & 2014-15.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 Survey of School System Finances (Table 11); and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

26. State Per-Pupil School Funding, Pre-K to 12, 2014-15

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Vermont	18,156	25	Oregon	6,448
2	Alaska	15,499	26	Ohio	6,355
3	Hawaii	13,058	27	Nevada	6,253
4	Wyoming	11,899	28	Kentucky	6,067
5	New York	9,843	29	Maine	6,022
6	Minnesota	9,376	30	Montana	5,892
7	Delaware	9,375	31	Illinois	5,793
8	North Dakota	8,889	32	North Carolina	5,579
9	Connecticut	8,615	33	South Carolina	5,553
10	New Jersey	8,530	34	Alabama	5,551
11	Arkansas	8,495	35	New Hampshire	5,464
12	Kansas	7,985	36	Louisiana	5,265
13	New Mexico	7,955	37	Idaho	5,038
14	Michigan	7,814	38	Colorado	4,992
15	Washington	7,734	39	Missouri	4,974
16	Indiana	7,644	40	Virginia	4,876
17	Massachusetts	7,432	41	Georgia	4,838
18	Maryland	7,170	42	Mississippi	4,743
19	West Virginia	7,081	43	Oklahoma	4,456
►	50-State Average	6,966	44	Tennessee	4,410
20	Iowa	6,849	45	Utah	4,335
21	Wisconsin	6,810	46	Nebraska	4,323
22	California	6,803	47	Texas	4,189
23	Rhode Island	6,754	48	Florida	3,886
24	Pennsylvania	6,627	49	Arizona	3,420
			50	South Dakota	3,204



Quick Stats

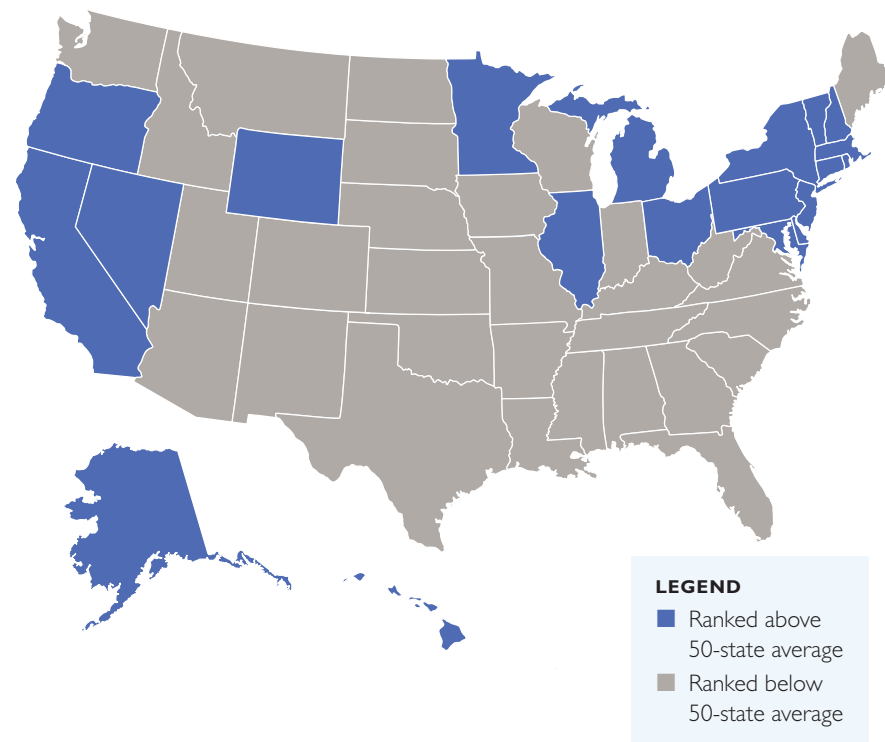
- State per-pupil funding in Georgia increased by \$226 or 4.9 percent from 2013-14 to 2014-15. The average increase across all Southeast states was 2.2 percent.
- The 50-state average spending per pupil increased by \$317 or 4.8 percent between 2013-14 and 2014-15.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 Survey of School System Finances (Table 11)

27. Average Salary of Public School Teachers, 2015-16

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	New York	79,152
2	California	77,179
3	Massachusetts	76,981
4	Connecticut	72,013
5	New Jersey	69,330
6	Alaska	67,443
7	Maryland	66,456
8	Rhode Island	66,197
9	Pennsylvania	65,151
10	Michigan	62,028
11	Illinois	61,342
12	Oregon	60,359
13	Delaware	59,960
14	Vermont	58,901
15	Wyoming	58,140
16	Hawaii	57,431
17	Nevada	56,943
18	Minnesota	56,913
19	New Hampshire	56,616
20	Ohio	56,441
►	50-State Average	55,119
21	Iowa	54,416
22	Georgia	54,190
23	Wisconsin	54,115
24	Washington	53,738

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Kentucky	52,134
26	Texas	51,890
27	Nebraska	51,386
28	Montana	51,034
29	Virginia	50,834
30	Indiana	50,715
31	Maine	50,498
32	North Dakota	50,472
33	Louisiana	49,745
34	Florida	49,199
35	South Carolina	48,769
36	Alabama	48,518
37	Arkansas	48,218
38	Tennessee	48,217
39	Missouri	47,957
40	North Carolina	47,941
41	Kansas	47,755
42	Arizona	47,218
43	New Mexico	47,163
44	Utah	46,887
45	Colorado	46,155
46	Idaho	46,122
47	West Virginia	45,622
48	Oklahoma	45,276
49	Mississippi	42,744
50	South Dakota	42,025



Quick Stats

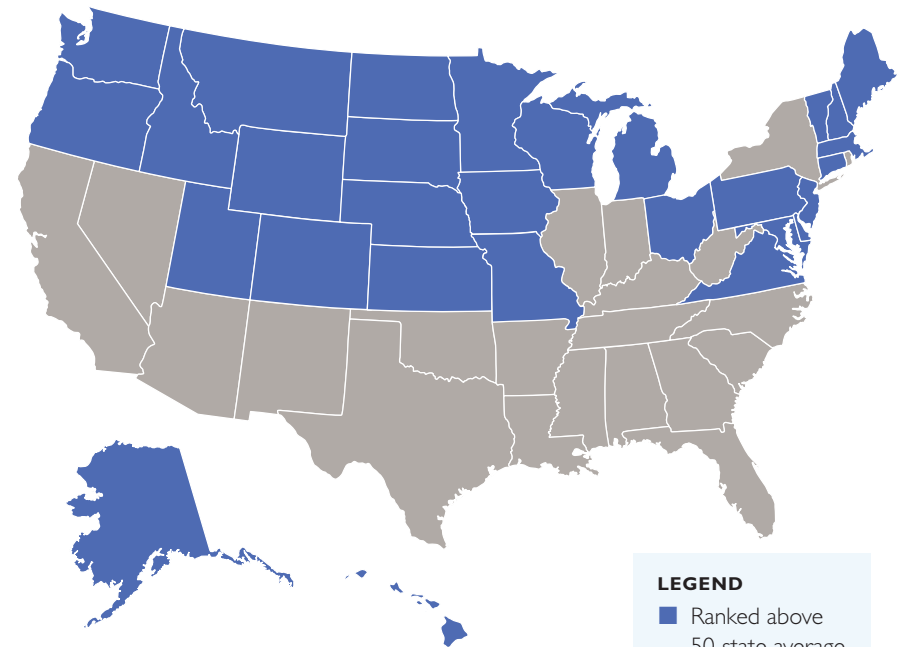
- In Georgia, the average salary of public school teachers increased by \$808 (1.5 percent) from 2014-15 to 2015-16.
- Georgia has the highest average salary of public school teachers among the 12 Southeastern states.
- Nationally, the average teacher salary increased by \$933 (1.6 percent) from school year 2014-15 to 2015-16.

Sources: National Education Association Rankings & Estimates: Rankings of the States 2016 and Estimates of School Statistics 2017; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

28. Percentage of Population 25 Years & Older With at Least a High School Education, 2016

RANK	STATE	2015 (IN %)
1	Wyoming	93.2
2	Alaska	93.1
3	Minnesota	92.9
4	Montana	92.8
5	New Hampshire	92.8
6	North Dakota	92.4
7	Maine	92.3
8	Vermont	92.1
9	Hawaii	92.0
10	Wisconsin	91.9
11	Iowa	91.8
12	Utah	91.7
13	Colorado	91.4
14	South Dakota	91.2
15	Nebraska	90.9
16	Washington	90.8
17	Kansas	90.5
18	Connecticut	90.5
19	Massachusetts	90.4
20	Michigan	90.4
21	Idaho	90.4
22	Oregon	90.3
23	Pennsylvania	90.1
24	Maryland	90.1
25	Ohio	90.0

RANK	STATE	2015 (IN %)
26	Missouri	89.6
27	New Jersey	89.3
28	Delaware	89.3
29	Virginia	89.3
► 50-State Average		89.1
30	Illinois	88.8
31	Rhode Island	88.5
32	Indiana	88.4
33	Oklahoma	87.8
34	Florida	87.4
35	North Carolina	87.3
36	Tennessee	87.0
37	Arizona	86.7
38	South Carolina	86.6
39	Georgia	86.4
40	New York	86.3
41	West Virginia	86.0
42	Nevada	86.0
43	Arkansas	86.0
44	Kentucky	85.7
45	New Mexico	85.4
46	Alabama	85.1
47	Louisiana	84.4
48	Mississippi	84.1
49	Texas	82.9
50	California	82.4



LEGEND

- Ranked above 50-state average
- Ranked below 50-state average

Quick Stats

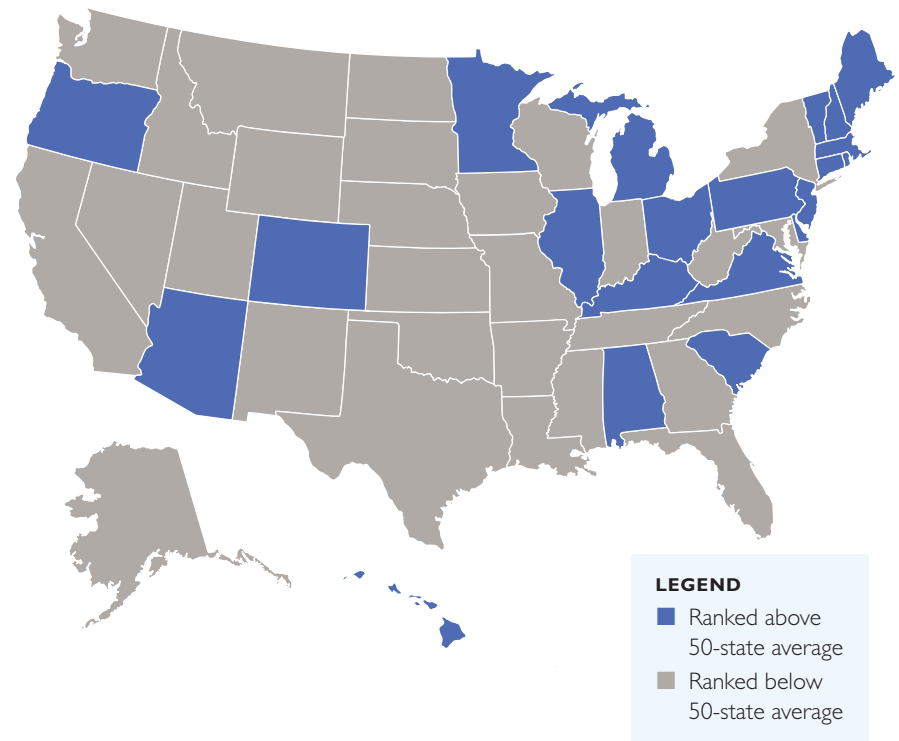
- The share of Georgia's population over age 25 with at least a high school education increased from 86.1 percent to 86.4 percent from 2015 to 2016.
- In 2016, 30.5 percent of Georgians 25 years and older had earned at least a bachelor's degree, 0.6 percentage points higher than in 2015.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

29. Average Annual In-State Tuition & Fees at Public Four-Year Institutions, 2017-18

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	New Hampshire	16,073
2	Vermont	16,043
3	Pennsylvania	14,437
4	New Jersey	13,868
5	Illinois	13,621
6	Michigan	12,935
7	Virginia	12,820
8	Massachusetts	12,732
9	South Carolina	12,615
10	Connecticut	12,392
11	Delaware	12,267
12	Rhode Island	12,226
13	Minnesota	11,302
14	Arizona	11,218
15	Colorado	10,797
16	Hawaii	10,658
17	Alabama	10,530
18	Ohio	10,505
19	Oregon	10,357
20	Kentucky	10,302
21	Maine	9,965
►	50-State Average	9,927
22	Texas	9,836
23	Tennessee	9,789
24	California	9,680

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Maryland	9,575
26	Washington	9,480
27	Indiana	9,361
28	Louisiana	9,302
29	Kansas	9,227
30	Wisconsin	8,962
31	Missouri	8,875
32	Iowa	8,759
33	Georgia	8,573
34	Arkansas	8,553
35	Oklahoma	8,460
36	South Dakota	8,446
37	Nebraska	8,269
38	North Dakota	8,197
39	Mississippi	7,988
40	New York	7,940
41	West Virginia	7,887
42	Alaska	7,438
43	North Carolina	7,385
44	Nevada	7,274
45	Idaho	7,250
46	New Mexico	6,921
47	Montana	6,907
48	Utah	6,788
49	Florida	6,363
50	Wyoming	5,217



Quick Stats

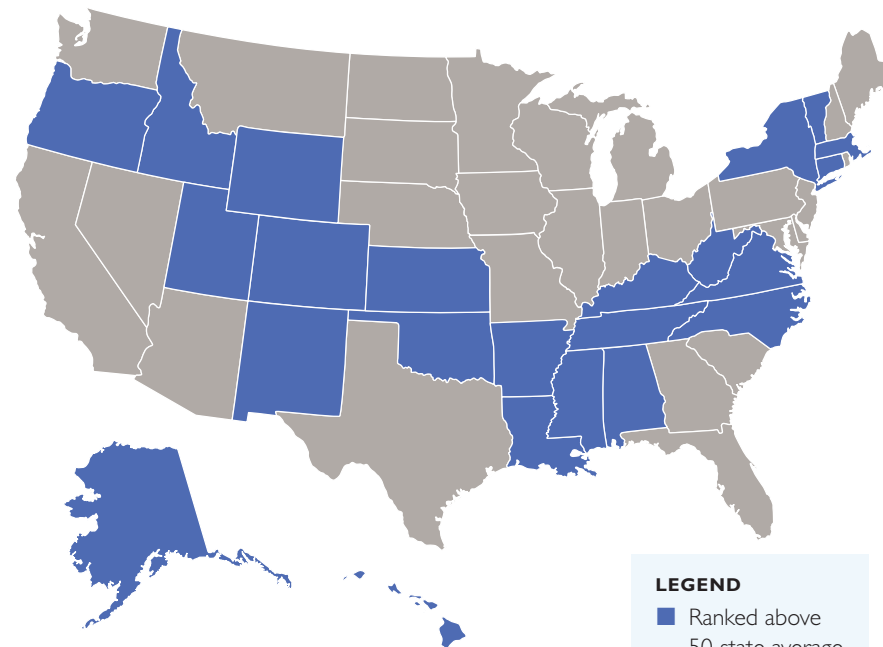
- Average tuition and fees at Georgia's public four-year colleges increased by \$157 (1.9 percent) from 2016-17 school year levels.
- The 50-state average increased by \$329, an increase of 3.4 percent from 2016-17.

Source: College Board, Trends in College Pricing, 2017

30. Real Percentage Change in In-State Tuition & Fees at Public Four-Year Institutions, 2012-13 to 2017-18

RANK	STATE	IN %
1	Louisiana	48.2
2	West Virginia	25.4
3	Oklahoma	23.7
4	Mississippi	21.4
5	Virginia	21.2
6	Connecticut	20.4
7	Alaska	20.3
8	Colorado	19.7
9	Tennessee	19.4
10	Kansas	18.6
11	Oregon	16.6
12	Hawaii	15.8
13	Arkansas	14.4
14	Wyoming	14.1
15	New Mexico	14.1
16	Kentucky	13.9
17	Idaho	13.3
18	New York	13.2
19	Utah	13.2
20	Alabama	12.8
21	Massachusetts	11.9
22	North Carolina	11.5
23	Vermont	11.0
►	50-State Average	10.4
24	Texas	10.3

RANK	STATE	IN %
25	South Carolina	9.9
26	North Dakota	9.5
27	Pennsylvania	9.2
28	Maryland	9.2
29	Michigan	8.2
30	Arizona	7.9
31	Nebraska	7.7
32	South Dakota	7.0
33	Nevada	6.5
34	Georgia	6.4
35	Delaware	5.3
36	Montana	5.0
37	Rhode Island	4.8
38	Illinois	4.8
39	Iowa	4.7
40	Missouri	4.5
41	New Jersey	4.5
42	New Hampshire	2.9
43	Minnesota	2.1
44	California	0.8
45	Ohio	0.7
46	Indiana	0.5
47	Maine	-0.4
48	Wisconsin	-3.5
49	Florida	-4.5
50	Washington	-16.3



LEGEND

- Ranked above 50-state average
- Ranked below 50-state average

Quick Stats

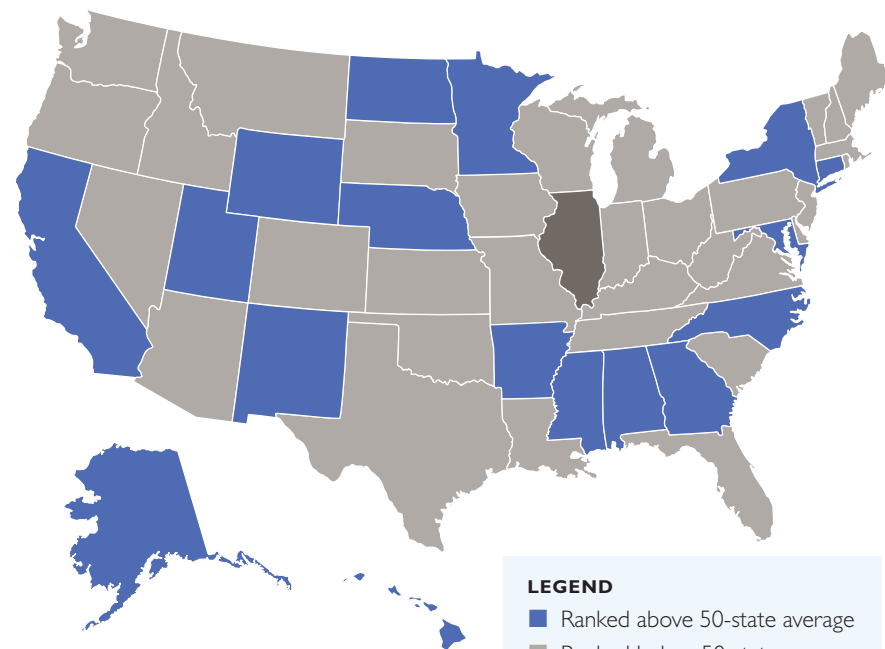
- In-district tuition and fees at Georgia's public two-year colleges increased by 8.4 percent, inflation-adjusted, over the latest five years.

Note: Data provided by the College Board is adjusted for inflation using the Consumer Price Index – All Urban Consumers.

Source: College Board, Trends in College Pricing, 2017

31. Per Capita State Support for Public & Private Higher Education, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Wyoming	715	25	South Dakota	254
2	North Dakota	536	26	Idaho	254
3	Alaska	489	27	Louisiana	253
4	New Mexico	435	28	Tennessee	249
5	Hawaii	424	29	Washington	247
6	Nebraska	395	30	Delaware	244
7	North Carolina	382	31	Montana	242
8	Mississippi	348	32	Oklahoma	237
9	California	340	33	New Jersey	231
10	Connecticut	336	34	Virginia	223
11	Arkansas	332	35	Massachusetts	220
12	Utah	312	36	Florida	216
13	Maryland	311	37	Maine	215
14	Alabama	308	38	South Carolina	210
15	Georgia	298	39	Oregon	193
16	New York	284	40	Ohio	192
17	Minnesota	280	41	Nevada	187
▶	49-State Average*	274	42	Michigan	184
18	Iowa	272	43	Missouri	170
19	Texas	270	44	Rhode Island	169
20	Kentucky	266	45	Colorado	159
21	Indiana	265	46	Vermont	145
22	West Virginia	264	47	Pennsylvania	129
23	Kansas	264	48	Arizona	118
24	Wisconsin	255	49	New Hampshire	93



LEGEND

- Ranked above 50-state average
- Ranked below 50-state average
- Data not available

Quick Stats

- ▶ Georgia's per capita state funding for public and private higher education increased by 3.8 percent from FY 2015 to FY 2016.

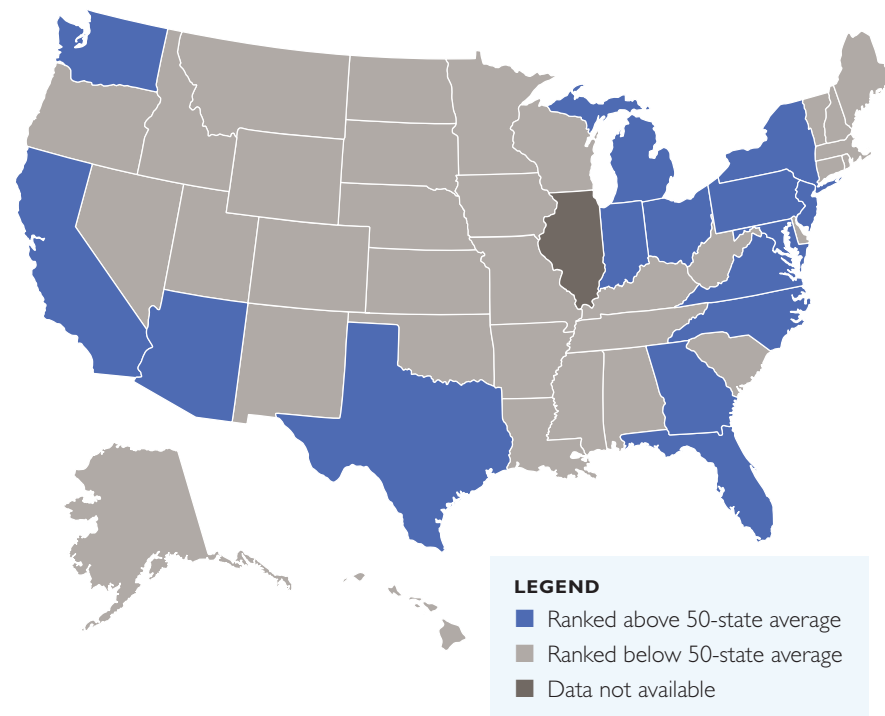
*Data on Illinois was not available at the time of publication of source data due to reporting errors.

Source: Grapevine, James C. Palmer, ed., Illinois State University Center for the Study of Education Policy

32. FTE Student Enrollment in Public Higher Education, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	FTE
1	California	1,581,797
2	Texas	1,020,366
3	Florida	599,211
4	New York	555,643
5	Ohio	388,777
6	North Carolina	383,873
7	Michigan	379,172
8	Pennsylvania	350,598
9	Georgia	344,768
10	Virginia	310,368
11	Arizona	279,239
12	New Jersey	268,296
13	Washington	240,788
14	Maryland	228,867
15	Indiana	223,490
►	49-State Average*	218,313
16	Wisconsin	217,856
17	Alabama	197,031
18	Minnesota	193,197
19	Missouri	192,781
20	Tennessee	185,543
21	Colorado	180,264
22	South Carolina	178,209
23	Massachusetts	169,189
24	Louisiana	167,896

RANK	STATE	FTE
25	Oregon	151,544
26	Kentucky	149,314
27	Kansas	135,366
28	Oklahoma	134,960
29	Mississippi	128,728
30	Iowa	126,165
31	Utah	122,066
32	Arkansas	114,507
33	New Mexico	93,379
34	Connecticut	85,705
35	Nebraska	77,153
36	West Virginia	71,026
37	Nevada	68,959
38	Idaho	52,744
39	Hawaii	38,414
40	Montana	37,954
41	New Hampshire	36,640
42	North Dakota	36,512
43	Delaware	36,472
44	Maine	34,602
45	South Dakota	33,675
46	Rhode Island	30,757
47	Wyoming	23,812
48	Vermont	20,447
49	Alaska	19,229



Quick Stats

- From FY 2015-16, Georgia's FTE enrollment in public higher education increased by 0.13 percent.
- Although Georgia's FTE enrollment increased only slightly, the growth was the 4th highest in the Southeast.

*Data on Illinois was not available at the time of publication of source data due to reporting errors.

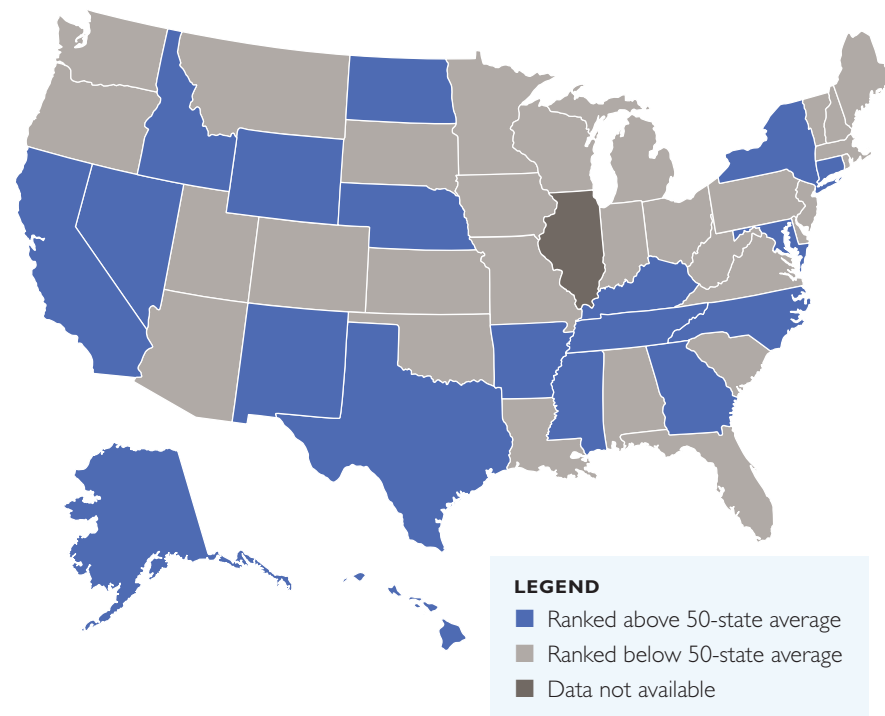
Note: Full-time equivalent enrollment equates student credit hours to full-time, academic year students but excludes medical students.

Source: State Higher Education Executive Officers, State Higher Education Finance FY 2016

33. Higher Education Appropriations Per FTE Student, FY 2016

RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Wyoming	17,620
2	Alaska	12,096
3	Nebraska	8,769
4	North Carolina	8,750
5	New Mexico	8,321
6	Idaho	8,124
7	Connecticut	8,000
8	Hawaii	7,873
9	Georgia	7,319
10	North Dakota	7,189
11	Texas	7,159
12	Arkansas	7,138
13	California	7,122
14	New York	7,106
15	Tennessee	7,001
16	Maryland	6,981
17	Mississippi	6,878
18	Kentucky	6,775
19	Nevada	6,528
►	49-State Average*	6,338
20	Massachusetts	6,334
21	Minnesota	6,267
22	Maine	6,244
23	Indiana	6,159
24	Oklahoma	6,148

RANK	STATE	IN \$
25	Utah	6,147
26	Missouri	6,010
27	Washington	5,973
28	New Jersey	5,709
29	Florida	5,693
30	Kansas	5,679
31	Michigan	5,595
32	Wisconsin	5,537
33	Iowa	5,491
34	Alabama	5,483
35	Ohio	5,365
36	South Dakota	5,030
37	Oregon	4,987
38	Louisiana	4,945
39	Montana	4,912
40	South Carolina	4,836
41	West Virginia	4,780
42	Rhode Island	4,681
43	Virginia	4,574
44	Delaware	4,525
45	Arizona	4,489
46	Colorado	3,769
47	Pennsylvania	3,576
48	New Hampshire	2,489
49	Vermont	2,369



Quick Stats

- Georgia's higher education appropriations per FTE student decreased by 2.3 percent from FY 2015 to FY 2016. Nevertheless, Georgia rose from 15th to 9th among all states.*
- The average decrease among Southeastern states was 4.9 percent.

*Data on Illinois was not available at the time of publication of source data due to reporting errors.

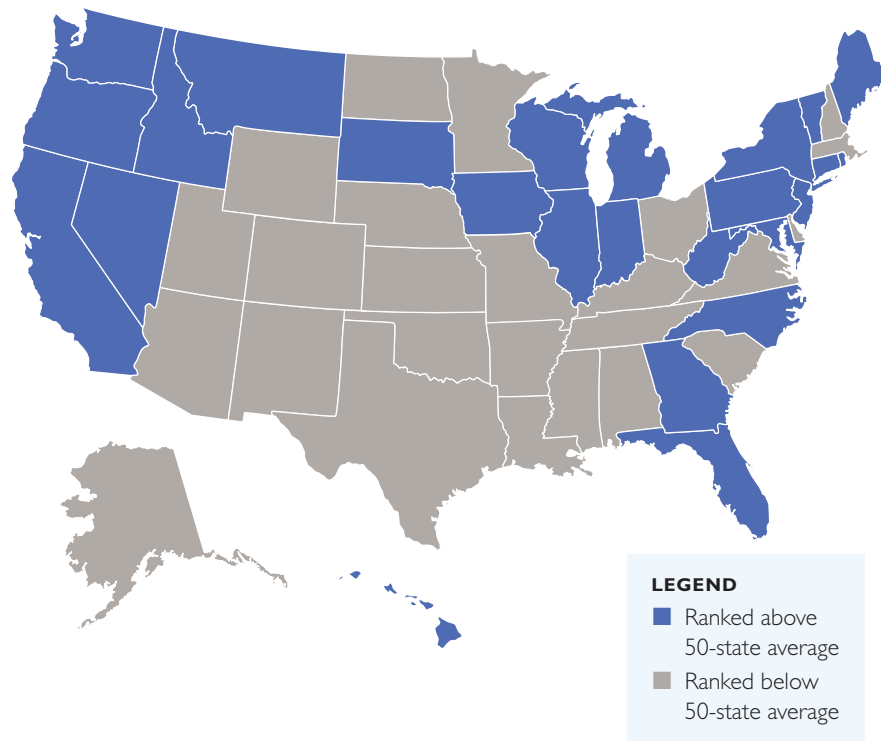
Note: Educational appropriations are a measure of state and local support available for public higher education operating expenses, including from ARRA funds; excludes appropriations for independent institutions, financial aid for students attending independent institutions, research, hospitals and medical education.

Source: State Higher Education Executive Officers, State Higher Education Finance FY 2016

34. State Motor Fuel Taxes, 2017

RANK	STATE	GAS (IN CENTS PER GALLON)	DIESEL (IN CENTS PER GALLON)
1	Pennsylvania	59.30	74.70
2	Washington	49.40	49.40
3	Hawaii	44.26	40.95
4	New York	43.50	42.36
5	Indiana	41.80	48.00
6	California	40.58	39.45
7	Michigan	39.94	40.79
8	Connecticut	38.25	41.70
9	New Jersey	37.10	44.20
10	Florida	36.79	33.77
11	West Virginia	35.70	32.20
12	North Carolina	34.55	34.55
13	Rhode Island	34.00	34.00
14	Maryland	33.80	34.55
15	Nevada	33.52	28.56
16	Idaho	33.00	33.00
17	Wisconsin	32.90	32.90
18	Illinois	32.78	35.46
19	Montana	32.25	32.50
20	Oregon	31.13	30.36
21	Georgia	31.09	34.19
22	Iowa	30.70	32.50
23	Vermont	30.46	32.00
24	Maine	30.01	31.21
25	South Dakota	30.00	30.00

RANK	STATE	GAS (IN CENTS PER GALLON)	DIESEL (IN CENTS PER GALLON)
►	50-State Average	29.55	30.20
26	Utah	29.41	29.41
27	Minnesota	28.60	28.60
28	Ohio	28.01	28.01
29	Nebraska	27.90	27.30
30	Massachusetts	26.54	26.54
31	Kentucky	26.00	23.00
32	Tennessee	25.40	22.40
33	Kansas	24.03	26.03
34	Wyoming	24.00	24.00
35	New Hampshire	23.83	23.83
36	North Dakota	23.00	23.00
37	Delaware	23.00	22.00
38	Alabama	22.91	21.89
39	Virginia	22.40	26.09
40	Colorado	22.00	20.50
41	Arkansas	21.80	22.80
42	Louisiana	20.01	20.01
43	Texas	20.00	20.00
44	Arizona	19.00	27.00
45	New Mexico	18.88	22.88
46	Mississippi	18.79	18.40
47	South Carolina	18.75	18.75
48	Missouri	17.35	17.30
49	Oklahoma	17.00	14.00
50	Alaska	12.25	12.75



Quick Stats

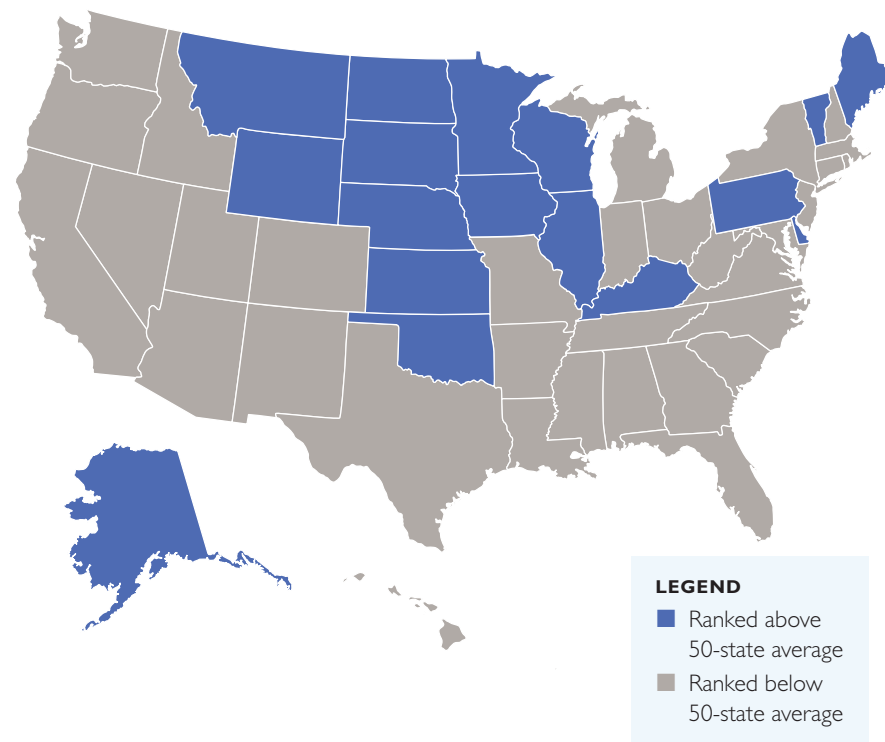
- The federal gasoline tax, collected in all states in addition to the amounts at left, is 18.4 cents per gallon; the federal tax per gallon of diesel is 24.4 cents.
- Georgia's gasoline tax is 5.73 cents higher than the Southeastern states' average.

Note: Rankings are based on gas tax.

Sources: American Petroleum Institute (July 2017); and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

35. Per Capita State & Local Road Expenditures, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	North Dakota	2,229	25	New Hampshire	565
2	Alaska	2,148	26	Massachusetts	546
3	Wyoming	1,243	27	Mississippi	537
4	Vermont	1,189	28	Idaho	535
5	South Dakota	1,077	29	Connecticut	528
6	Montana	935	30	New Jersey	511
7	Iowa	835	31	Colorado	510
8	Minnesota	807	32	Virginia	510
9	Wisconsin	749	33	Ohio	510
10	Illinois	744	34	Alabama	489
11	Nebraska	742	35	Nevada	489
12	Pennsylvania	723	36	Louisiana	486
13	Maine	707	37	Florida	470
14	Delaware	682	38	Texas	462
15	Kentucky	675	39	Oregon	447
16	Oklahoma	657	40	California	423
17	Kansas	653	41	Indiana	409
►	50-State Average	653	42	Rhode Island	406
18	New Mexico	642	43	North Carolina	405
19	West Virginia	622	44	Missouri	402
20	Hawaii	586	45	Utah	398
21	Maryland	571	46	Michigan	368
22	Arkansas	569	47	Tennessee	340
23	Washington	568	48	South Carolina	332
24	New York	567	49	Georgia	321
			50	Arizona	319



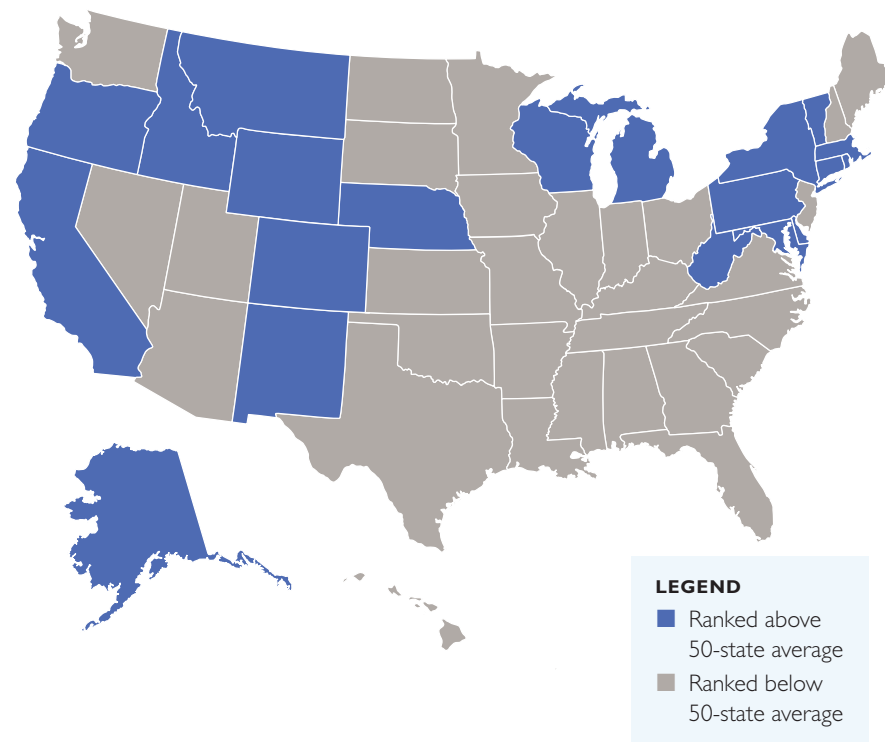
Quick Stats

- Georgia per capita highway expenditures decreased by \$24 or 7.0 percent in FY 2015.
- The 50-state average for per capita road expenditures increased by \$23 or 3.6 percent.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances; and U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates

36. Per Capita State Corrections Expenditures, FY 2015

RANK	STATE	IN \$	RANK	STATE	IN \$
1	Alaska	461	25	South Dakota	145
2	Delaware	320	26	Oklahoma	143
3	Wyoming	249	27 Georgia	142	
4	California	243	28	Washington	142
5	Maryland	242	29	Arkansas	136
6	Vermont	232	30	Texas	135
7	New Mexico	217	31	Ohio	129
8	Montana	208	32	Missouri	126
9	Connecticut	195	33	North Dakota	120
10	Michigan	187	34	North Carolina	120
11	Nebraska	184	35	Louisiana	117
12	Rhode Island	181	36	Kentucky	116
13	Wisconsin	180	37	Illinois	113
14	Massachusetts	162	38	Florida	112
15	Colorado	164	39	Kansas	108
16	Oregon	162	40	Alabama	107
17	West Virginia	157	41	Tennessee	108
18	New York	158	42	Utah	109
19	Idaho	160	43	Maine	104
20	Pennsylvania	157	44	Mississippi	103
►	50-State Average	156	45	South Carolina	104
21	Arizona	157	46	Indiana	95
22	Hawaii	152	47	Iowa	94
23	New Jersey	151	48	Minnesota	92
24	Virginia	146	49	Nevada	92
			50	New Hampshire	80



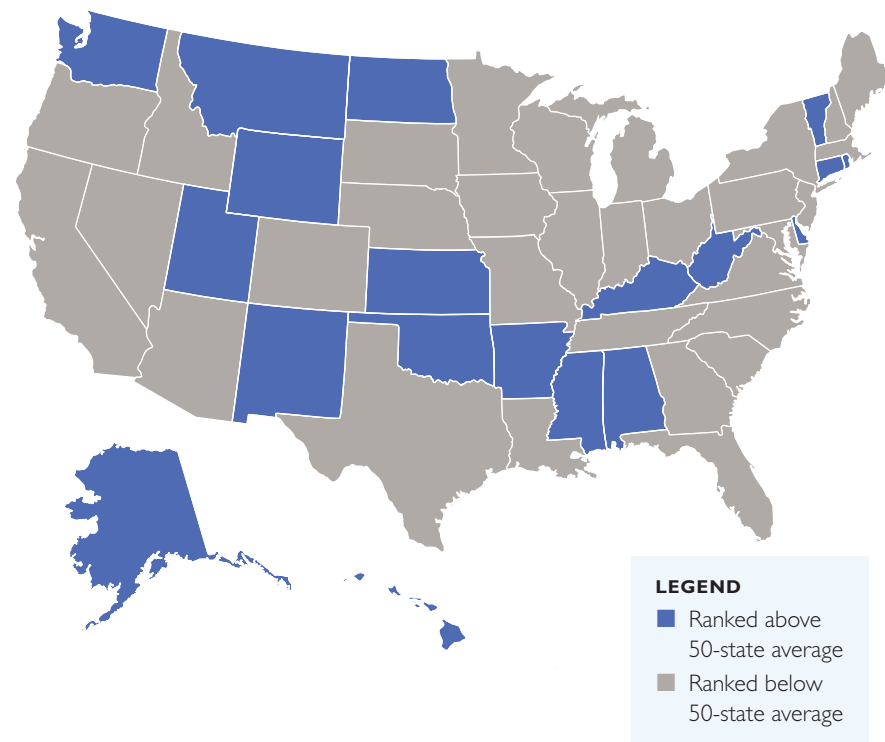
Quick Stats

- Georgia's state correctional expenditures decreased by less than \$1 per capita (0.4 percent) from FY 2014 to FY 2015.
- Georgia's total adult correctional population fell by about 6.6 percent in the year ended December 2015.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, *Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances*; U.S. Census Bureau, *Annual Population Estimates*; and U.S. Department of Justice, *Bureau of Justice Statistics, Correctional Populations in the United States, 2015*

37. State Government Workers Per 100 Persons, 2015

RANK	STATE	FTE PER 100 PERSONS	RANK	STATE	FTE PER 100 PERSONS
1	Hawaii	4.1	25	Iowa	1.6
2	Alaska	3.5	26	Maine	1.6
3	Delaware	2.8	27	New Jersey	1.6
4	North Dakota	2.6	28	Colorado	1.6
5	Vermont	2.3	29	Massachusetts	1.5
6	Wyoming	2.3	30	Virginia	1.5
7	New Mexico	2.2	31	Minnesota	1.5
8	West Virginia	2.2	32	Maryland	1.5
9	Arkansas	2.1	33	Missouri	1.4
10	Montana	2.0	34	Michigan	1.4
11	Kentucky	1.9	35	New Hampshire	1.4
12	Mississippi	1.9	36	Idaho	1.4
13	Utah	1.8	37	North Carolina	1.4
14	Alabama	1.8	38	Indiana	1.3
15	Kansas	1.8	39	Wisconsin	1.3
16	Oklahoma	1.8	40	Pennsylvania	1.3
17	Connecticut	1.8	41	Georgia	1.2
18	Rhode Island	1.7	42	New York	1.2
19	Washington	1.7	43	Ohio	1.2
►	50-State Average	1.7	44	Tennessee	1.2
20	Nebraska	1.7	45	Texas	1.1
21	South Dakota	1.7	46	Arizona	1.1
22	Oregon	1.7	47	California	1.0
23	South Carolina	1.6	48	Nevada	1.0
24	Louisiana	1.6	49	Illinois	1.0
			50	Florida	0.9



Quick Stats

- In 2015, Georgia had 125,791 FTE state government employees.
- Georgia had the highest decrease in state government workers per 100 persons of all other Southeastern states (5.7 percent).

Notes:

1. Full-time equivalent (FTE) is a computed statistic representing the number of full-time employees that could have been employed if the reported number of hours worked by part-time employees had been worked by full-time employees. This statistic is calculated by dividing the "part-time hours paid" by the standard number of hours for full-time employees and then adding the resulting quotient to the number of full-time employees.
2. FTE per 100 persons is calculated as state government FTE divided by state population in hundreds of persons.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 Annual Survey of Public Employment and Payroll;
U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates; and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

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